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GENERAL CATALOGUE Vol.2

Voltage detector

Voltage detector checker

Auxiliary device for voltage detection

Phase tester

Grounding hook

Discharge stick

Discone hook stick

Illuminator

Measuring instrument

Railway products

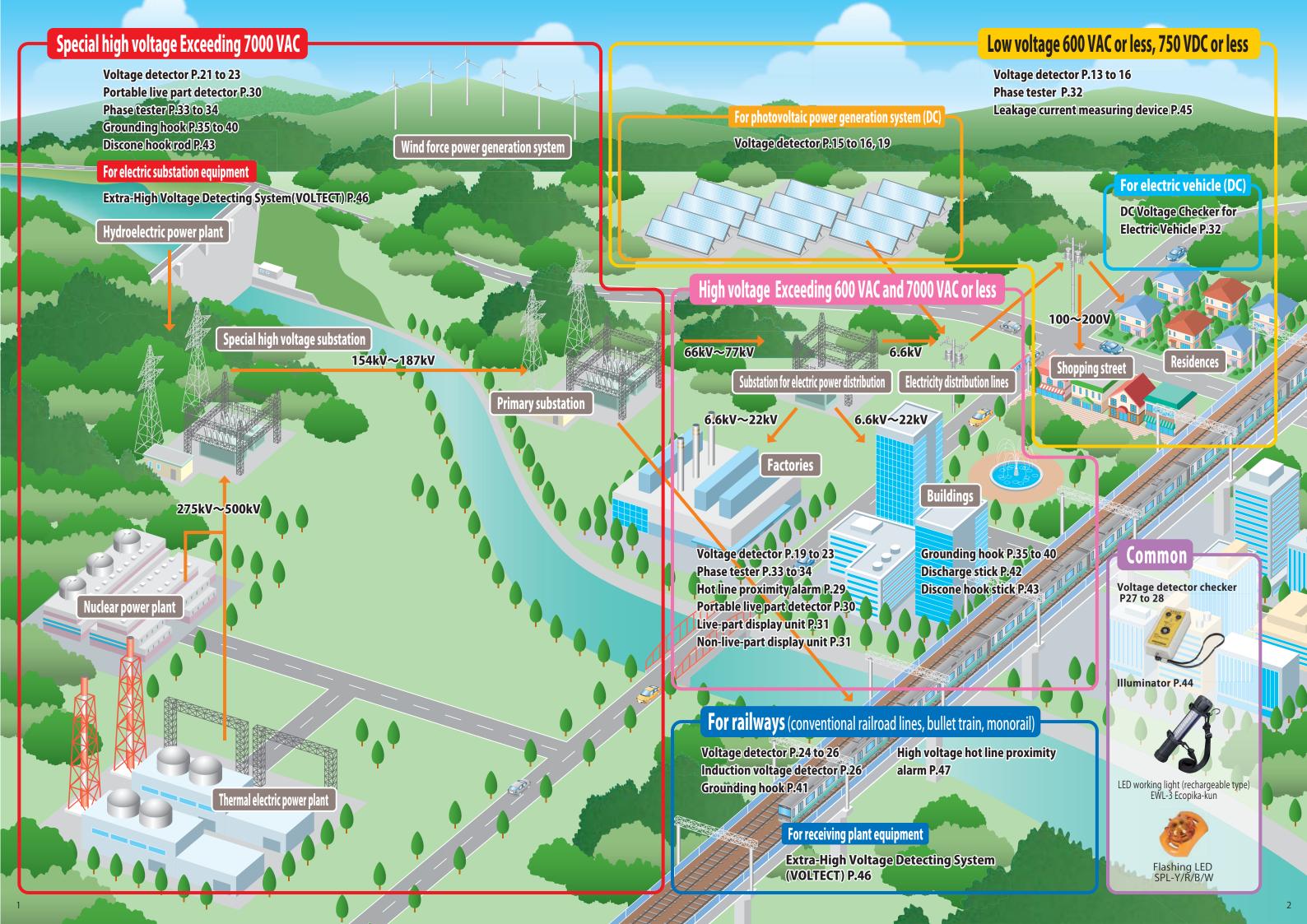
Relay

HASEGAVVA ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

http://www.hasegawa-elec.co.jp





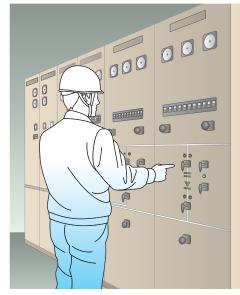


Confirming Power Cut Operation



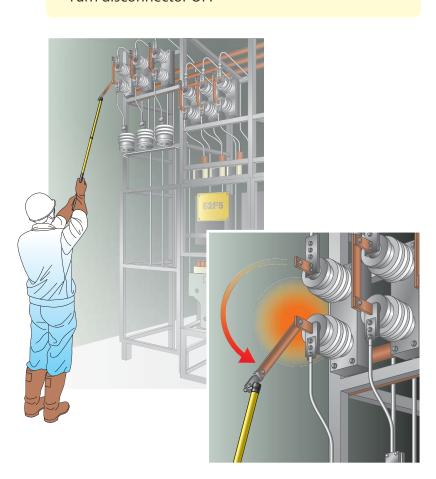


①Visual check of appearance and layout for any abnormalities Use test button for battery check





③Turn Circuit Breaker OFF Turn disconnector OFF



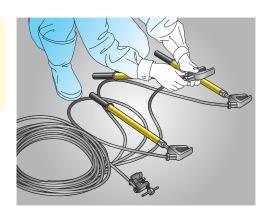
©Check the layout and appearance

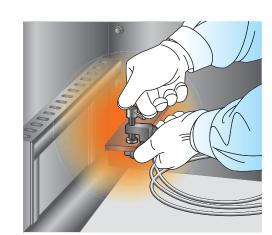
of grounding hook

4 Use detector and touch Line 1 to confirm that the power is off

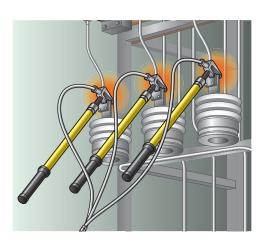
Use detector and touch Line 2 to confirm that the power is off Use detector and touch Line 3 to confirm that the power is off

*Confirm all 3 lines

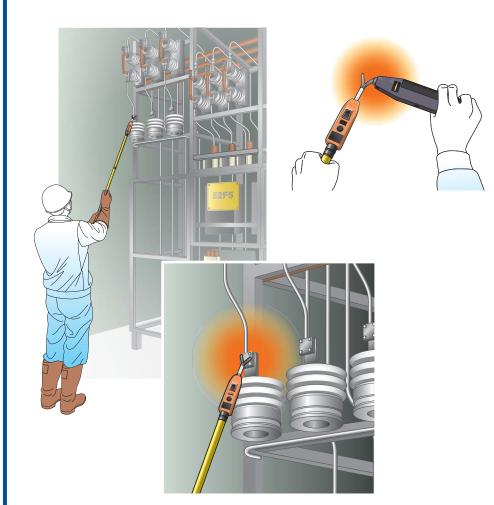




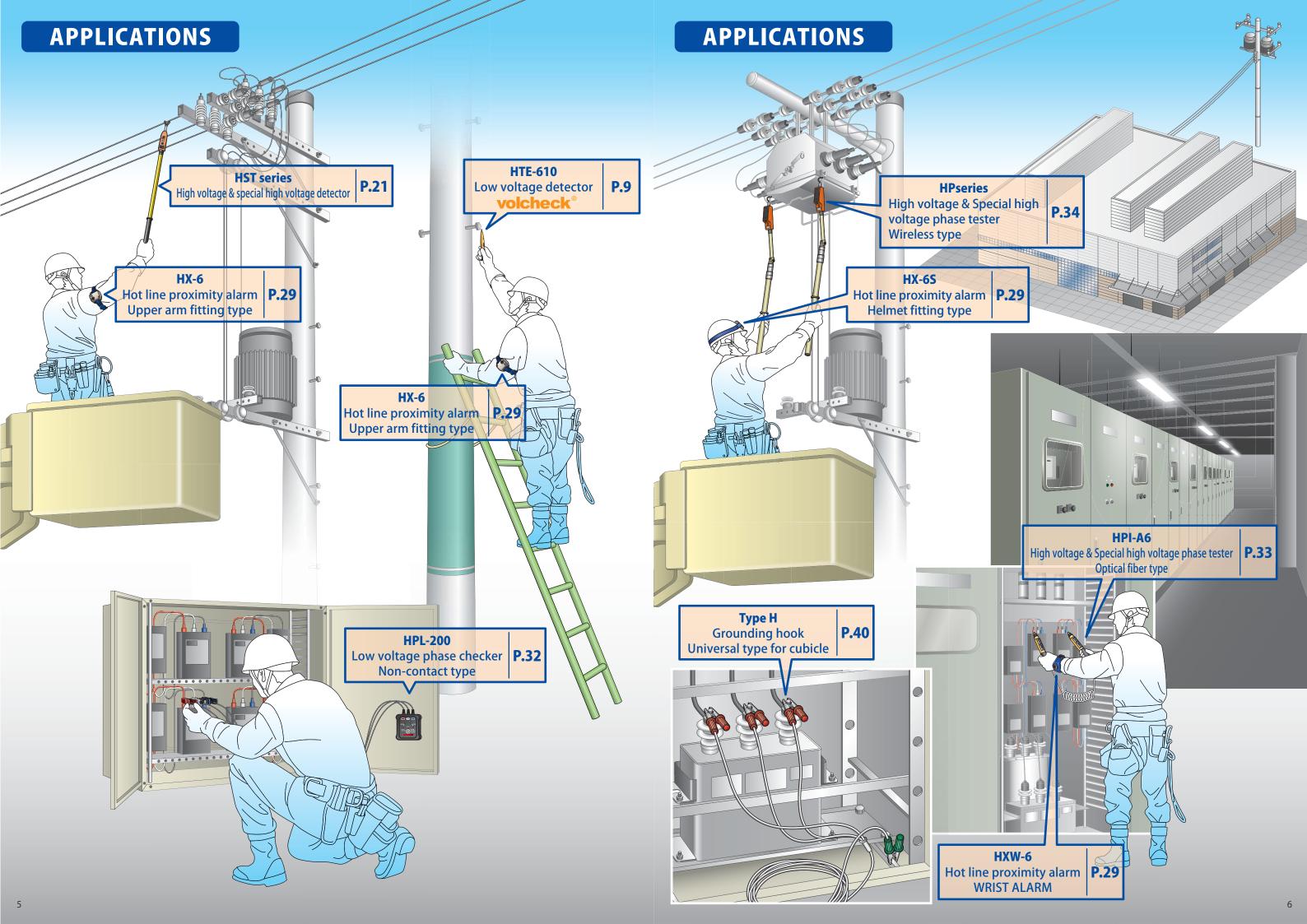
©Connect ground metal fitting to electrical port

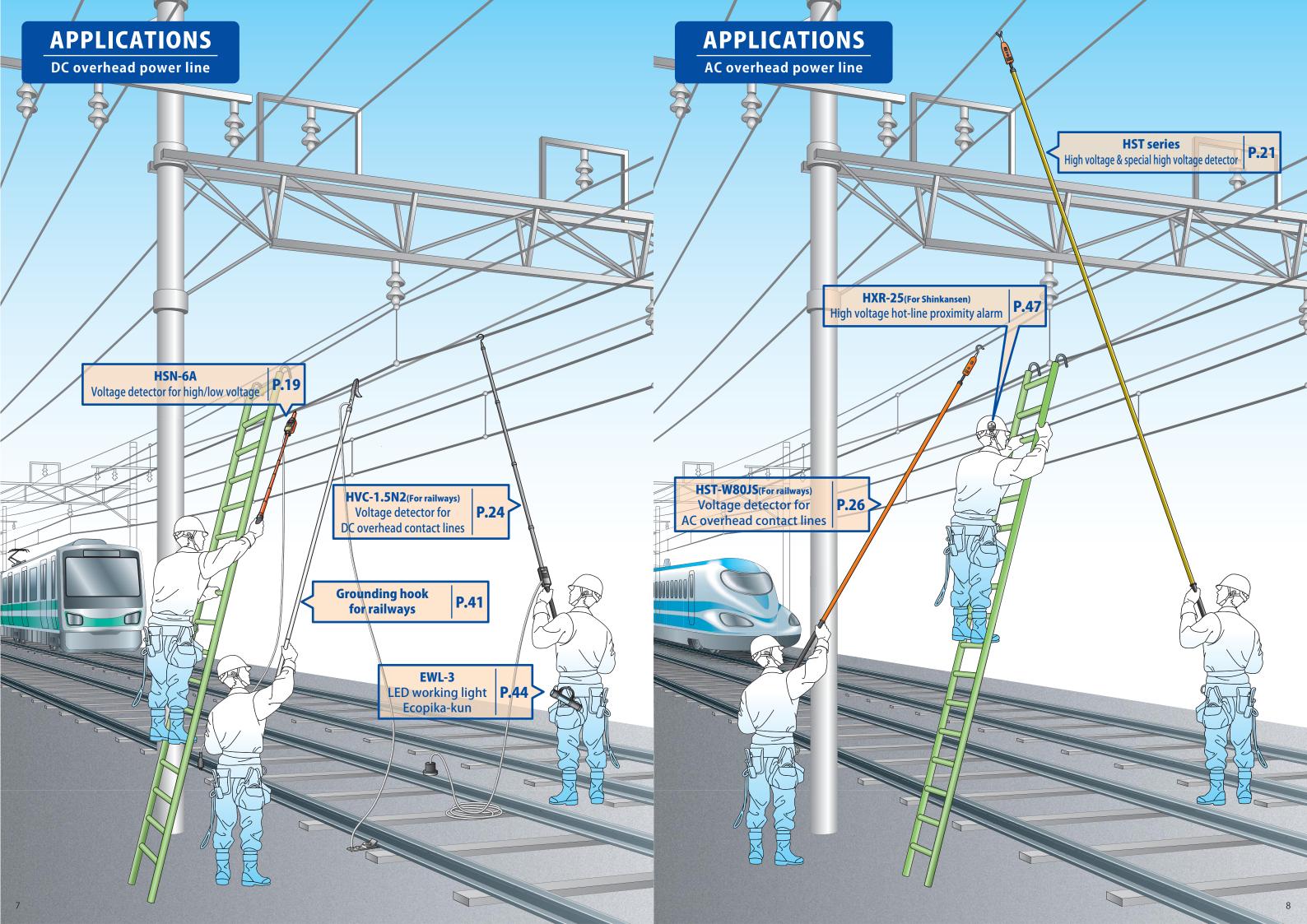


Connect tip metal fitting to Line 1Connect tip metal fitting to Line 2Connect tip metal fitting to Line 3*Connect all 3 lines



②Confirm operation by using voltage detector at the known energized part





HTE-610-Y/M/I

2

3



• Conductive rubber provides a high level of safety Conductive rubber is adopted for Contact tip, which prevents accidents due to a short-circuit.

• It is possible to adjust sensitivity. It is possible to use it according to the intended purpose, by adjusting the sensitivity volume knob.

• A detector with minimum sensitivity variance between bare and covered parts is adopted.

■Dimensions Contact tip - Light indicator

Standard Model of the Low Voltage Detector



	■Specifications	
	Working voltage range	50 VAC to 600 VAC common use for 50/60 Hz
	Operation starting voltage (Voltage to ground)	Adjustable detection sensitivity At shipment from the factory (default): $40\text{VAC} \pm 10\text{VAC}$ (in state with detector making contact with the company's standard insulated wire ($600\text{V} - \text{IV}.2\text{mm2}$))
	Battery	LR44(1.5V) × 2 pcs
(5)	Life of the battery	New battery: In continuous operation About 10 hours: In stotage 1.5 years
\smile	Weight	22g (including batteries)

* Without the casing

1 Product type

2 Product name

③Working voltage range

4 Sign

Audio signaling and light emitting

Action is notified by

Action is notified by sound and light.

DC

The product accepts AC and DC.

Voltage detection through covering

Voltage can be detected through

insulating sheath. (However, it is



Telescopic type

Waterproof

structure.

The operating rod is telescopic.



This marking is for products for the European unified market, and conforms to the

New approach directive.

The product conforms to the RoHS directive.

Contact tip - Conductive rubber

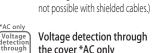
Detector made of conductive rubber prevents accidents due to short-circuits.

Contact tip - Replaceable

Individual detectors are

sold as options, and are

replaceable.



Voltage detection through the cover *AC only

Voltage detection of DC is not possible through the cover.



Battery-less No battery is used for operation.

It has a water-resistant



Sensitivity adjustment

Sensitivity can be adjusted by turning the volume knob.



LED

LED lighting

LED light is turned on for illumination, and it is possible to light the target of voltage detection.



Auxiliary device for voltage detection

This product can be used to assist voltage detection work, but is not used as a voltage detector.

SLife of the battery ----- Because the battery attached to the product is only for testing purposes, this shall not apply.

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20

⇔ High voltage & special high voltage detector	or
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Auxiliary device for voltage detection	
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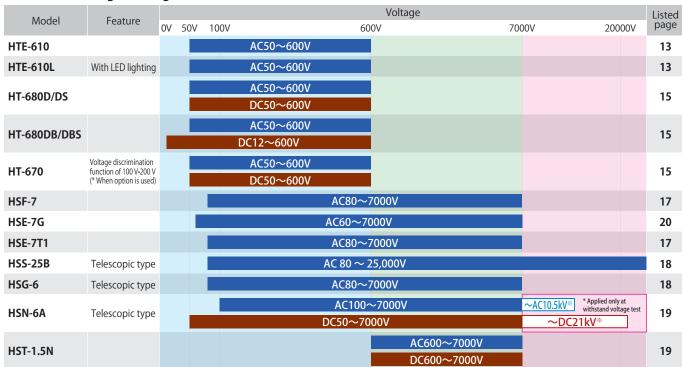
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The state of the s	
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◇Grounding hook	
SA106A-□	41

■ For low to high voltages



■ For high voltage to special high voltage

Model	Feature	Voltage						Listed	
Model		3kV	6kV	22kV	66kV	154kV	275kV	500kV	page
HST-30	Telescopic type		AC3kV∼34.5kV						21
HST-70	Telescopic type			AC20kV	~80.5kV				21
HST-170	Telescopic type				AC60k\	√~195.5kV			21
HST-250	Telescopic type					AC150kV	~287.5kV		21
WM-22	Pinwheel type /Telescopic type		AC6.6kV∼	22kV					22
WM-33	Pinwheel type /Telescopic type		AC6.6kV	~33kV					22
WM-77A/B/C	Pinwheel type /Telescopic type			AC11kV~77	'kV				22
WM-154A/B	Pinwheel type /Telescopic type			AC11k	√V~154kV				22
WM-275	Pinwheel type /Telescopic type				AC33l	kV∼275kV			22
HS-500							AC250k\	/~550kV	22
HST-20N			AC3kV~25kV						23
H31-ZUN			DC3kV~25kV						23
HS-90N				AC6kV~90k\	/				23
113 7014				DC6kV~90k\	/				23

■ For railways (for overhead contact line)

Model	Footure	Voltage							
Model	Feature	OV		(600V	7	V000V	20000V	page
HVC-1.5N2	Digital display Function for checking earth wire disconnection				DC1500V	* Measurem	ent range is 0 to	1999 V	24
HS-1.5NJ					DC600 <i></i> ∼	~7000V	AC6600V		25
HS-1.5NR	Residual electric charge checking function Standby display function				DC1000-		AC6600V		25
Model	Feature				Voltage				Listed
Model	reature	3kV	6kV	22kV	66kV	154kV	275kV	500kV	page
HST-W80JS	Telescopic type/ Standby display function			AC20kV	∼80.5kV				26

General Catalog of Voltage Detectors

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HTE-610-Y/M/I

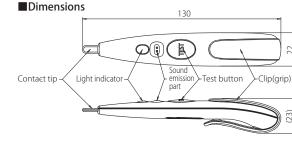
Low voltage detector

AC 50~600V



■ Features

- Conductive rubber provides a high level of safety Conductive rubber is adopted for Contact tip, which prevents accidents due to a short-circuit.
- It is possible to adjust sensitivity. It is possible to use it according to the intended purpose, by adjusting the sensitivity volume knob.
- A detector with minimum sensitivity variance between bare and covered parts is adopted.



Standard Model of the Low Voltage Detector



■Specifications

Working voltage range	50 VAC to 600 VAC common use for 50/60 Hz	
Operation starting voltage (Voltage to ground)	Adjustable detection sensitivity At shipment from the factory (default): 40 VAC \pm 10 VAC (In state with detector making contact with the company's standard insulated wire (600 V – IV. 2 mm2))	
Battery	LR44(1.5V) × 2 pcs	
Life of the battery	New battery: In continuous operation About 10 hours: In stotage 1.5 years	
Weight	22g (including batteries)	

* Without the casing

HTE-610L-R

Low voltage detector volcheck®

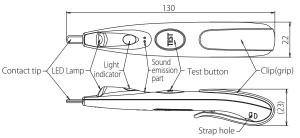
AC 50~600V



■Features

- The LED light is provided with an auto power-off function. There is no risk of the battery draining if the user forgets to turn off the instrument.
- The LED light can also be used to check the residual life of the battery. When the residual life of the battery becomes low, the LED lamp does not light. Therefore, replace the battery.

■Dimensions



Volcheck Lineup with a LED Light





Specifications (Those relating to LED light portion; The basic specification is same as that of HTE-610.)

Lighting	Each time the test button is pressed, the light repeats ON and OFF operation. It turns off automatically after approx. 30 sec (auto power-off function). *The voltage detector operates regardless of whether or not the light is ON/OFF.			
Life of the battery	New battery : In continuous operation About 10 hours (with LED OFF) About 5 hours (with LED ON) : In stotage 1.5 years			
Weight	22g (including hatteries)			

* Without the casing

How to use the voltage detector for AC low voltages

■ Perform voltage detection while holding the grip firmly.

The contact area with the hand affects the sensitivity of the low voltage detector. So, appropriate sensitivity cannot be obtained unless it is held firmly.





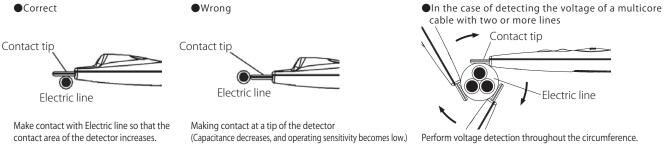


Electric line

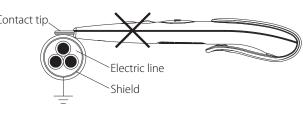
Holding only with finger tips

Holding rear part of the grip

■ How to make contact with the detector



■Voltage detection for shielded cables is not possible.



The voltage detector does not operate because the shielding (conduction shielding layer) is grounded.

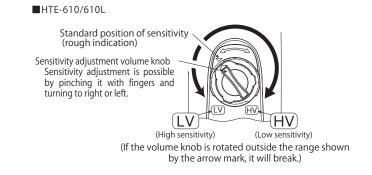
■ Sensitivity adjustment (Applicable products: HTE-610, HTE-610L, HT-670) * Sensitivity adjustment is to be done with the volume knob after detaching the clip.

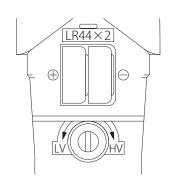
The products are adjusted to the standard sensitivity at shipment (as default). However, if sensitivity adjustment is required, such as: "Although confirmation of voltage from outer surface of the cable is required, the product does not operate;" "It is required to reduce the influence of induction voltage," etc., perform the adjustment.

When the volume knob is turned to the LV side (left turn), sensitivity increases (responds with lower voltage), and when turned to the HV side (right turn), sensitivity decreases (responds with higher voltage).

- * The volume knob can be turned only about half a rotation. Overturning may cause damage.
- * Pay attention to excessively high or low sensitivities. If it is excessively high, there is a risk that an accurate judgment will not be possible, because the product responds to miniature voltage, static electricity, etc.

■HT-670





Grounding terminal-

Sound

■ Specifications

HT-680D/DS/DB/DBS

Low voltage detector

AC 50~600V HT-680D/DS:50~600V HT-680DB/DBS:12~600V



■ Features

■ Dimensions

Contact tin

- Contact tip is available in of two types: conductive rubber and metal.
- Operation starting voltage at DC consists of two types: from 12 V and from 50 V.

AC/DC Low Voltage Detector (exclusively for use with bare wires)



8.5		
(grip)		
19.2		

Model		HT-680D HT-680DS		HT-680DB	HT-680DBS		
Working	AC	50~600V					
voltage range	DC	50~600V		12~600V			
Contact tip		Conductive rubber	Metal	Conductive rubber	Metal		
Frequency			50/6	50Hz			
Operation starting	AC	30±	30±10V		15±5V		
voltage (Voltage to ground)	DC	35±10V		6±3V			
Operation	Light emission	Continuous light emission in red; Verifiable at 8000 Lx					
status display	Sound volume	Continuous sound; 50dB or more (10cm apart)					
Battery	/	LR44(1.5V) × 2 pcs					
Life of the b	attery	About one year with normal use					
Weigh	t	27g(including batteries)					
				* \ \ / ;+ L	out the carina		

Ideal for Installation Work for Photovoltaic Facilities

Without the casing

Without grounding wire

HT-670

Low voltage detector

AC 50~600V DC 50~600V



Features

Sensitivity can be switched depending on the purpose use with the slider switch (bare wire/coated wire switching type)

■ **Option** Grounding wire/DF01027 (open price)

Possible issues when using the optional grounding wire:

- Voltage discrimination function (discrimination of 100 V, 200 V) • Prevents unnecessary operation due to reverse induction voltage
- (Grounding wire is to be grounded.)

■ Dimensions	137
O Miles	R R
Contact tip- Light indicator	Test button Clip(grip) - Grounding terminal

■ Specifications

			Without lead wire	With lead wire	
Working voltage range DC		50 6001/			
		DC	50~600V		
Fre	equency		50/60Hz		
	Coated wire	AC	40 V with insulated	wire (IV. 2 mm2) (intermittent operation)	
		DC	_		
starting	Bare wire	AC	20 ± 15 \//acatia an aratia		
voltage (Voltage to		DC	30 ± 15 V (continuous operation)		
ground)	(At connection	AC		100 V LED light 30 V ± 20 V (continuous operation)	
grouna,	of lead wire)	DC	_	200 V LED light 140 V ± 30 V (continuous operation)	
Battery			LR44(1.5V) × 2 pcs		
Life of the battery			About one year with normal use		
Weight			26g (except for lead wire)		

With grounding wire

* Without the casing

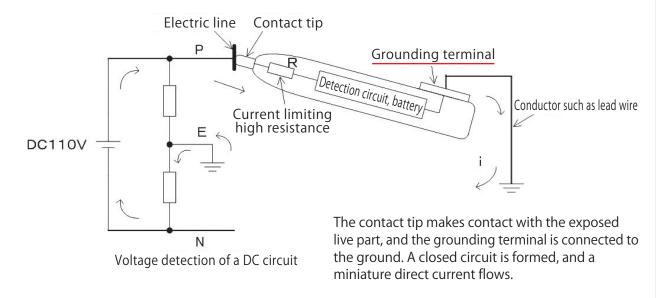
How to use the voltage detector for a DC low voltage

(For AC, refer to P.8.)

■ Points to note for DC voltage detection

When carrying out voltage detection with a DC circuit, the current does not flow through the capacitance, unlike the case of an AC circuit. Therefore, voltage detection becomes possible by making the detector contact an exposed part of the cableway (*(1)), then creating a closed circuit (*(3)) by connecting the earth terminal to the ground (*(2)) and applying direct current.

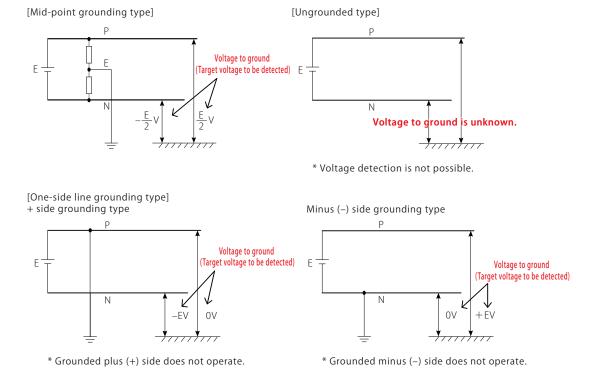
- (1) Voltage detection is not possible through the covering. (Direct contact of detector with exposed live part is necessary.)
- (2) It is necessary to ground the detection terminal with a conductor, such as a lead wire (option of HT-670) and/or the hand not holding the voltage detector, etc.



(3)Because the voltage to the ground (target voltage to be detected) differs depending on the wiring and grounding method, it is necessary to securely hold the cableway whose voltage is to be detected. Voltage detection with an ungrounded circuit is not possible.

* However, when the lead wire of HT-670 is used, the line voltage can be detected.

(Pay sufficient attention to the handling of lead wires. If they come off during use, there is a risk of electric shock and/or short-circuit.)



For high & low voltage For high voltage For high voltage For high voltage For AC

Standard Model for High Voltage of 6 kV

andard Model for High Voltage of 6





■ Features

 High voltage and low voltage can be discriminated with the operating (sound, light) indication.
 Operation at low voltage is indicated by intermittent sound &

light, and at low voltage by continuous sound & light.

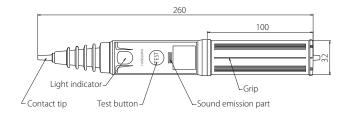
Feeling of stable grip

HSF-7

AC 80~7000V

Voltage detector for high/low voltage

Dimensions



Working voitage range		AC80 7000 V
Operation starting	Low voltage	Exposed live part 80 V (in contact with live part)
voltage	High voltage	Exposed live part 400 V (in contact with live part)
(Voltage to ground)	Insulated wire	(φ5 mm2 OE wire) 3,000 V
Frequenc	у	50/60Hz
Insulation resis	tance	100 M Ω or more between detector and grip
Dielectric stre	ngth	20 kV for 1 min between contact tip and grip
Leakage current		1 mA or more at dielectric strength test
Battery		R03(1.5V) × 2 pcs
Life of the battery		About 6 hr. under continuously operating state (with new battery)
Operating temperature range		-10℃~+40℃
Weight		About 150 g
Weight		7150dt 150 g

Compact, Lightweight, and Convenient to Carry





AC 80~7000V

HSE-7T1

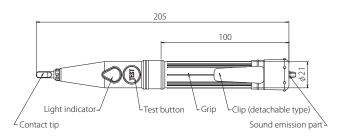
Voltage detector for high/low voltage

■ Features

- Size allows it to be kept in a breast pocket of a working uniform
- The contact tip made of conductive rubber is replaceable.
- High voltage and low voltage can be discriminated with the operating (sound, light) indication.

Operation at low voltage is indicated by intermittent sound & light, and at high voltage by continuous sound & light.

Dimensions



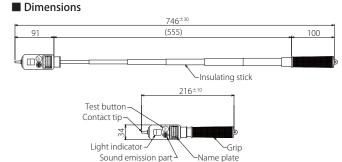


■ Specifications

	-	
Working voltage	e range	AC80~7000 V
Operation starting Low voltage		Exposed live part 80 V (in contact with live part)
voltage	High voltage	Exposed live part 400 V (in contact with live part)
(Voltage to ground)	Insulated wire	(φ5 mm2 OE wire) 3,000 V
Frequency		50/60Hz
Dielectric strength		20 kV for 1 min between contact tip and grip
Leakage cur	rent	0.5 mA or less at dielectric strength test
Battery		LR44(1.5V) × 2 pcs
Life of the battery		3 hr. in continuously operating state; about 2 years in unused state
Operating temperature range		-10℃~+40℃
Weight		About 55 a

Voltage detector for high/low voltage | AC 80~25000V | | Features | | Voltage detection from a remote place is possible by extending it

Specifications



* Low voltage cannot be detected in the extended state.

Working voltage range AC80∼25000 V Bare wire: AC 80V or below Operation starting (Detect holding nameplate portion) Bare wire (φ 3mm): AC 250V \pm 50V OC wire (φ 5mm): AC 1000V \pm 200V (Voltage to ground) (Detect holding the grip) Frequency Between contact tip and grip: Shortened state 20 kVAC, 1 min Dielectric strength Between contact tip and name plate portion: 4 kVAC, 1 min Leakage current 0.1 mA or less at dielectric strength test Battery LR44(1.5V) × 2 pcs Life of the battery 8 hr. in continuously operating state; about 1.5 years in unused state -10°C~+40°C Operating temperature range Weight About 130 g

Storage case

Lightweight and Compact Telescopic Type



Voltage detector for high/low voltage

AC 80∼7000V

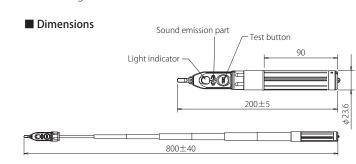


■ Features

- Ultra-compact and lightweight, weighing 85 g
- The contact tip made of conductive rubber is replaceable.
- High voltage and low voltage can be discriminated with the operating (sound, light) indication.

Operation at low voltage is indicated by intermittent sound & light, and at high voltage by continuous sound & light.

* Low voltages cannot be detected at the extended state.



Storage case (DA04003) Contact tip for replacement (UH05003)

Specifications

Working voltage	e range	AC80~7000 V
Operation starting	Low voltage	Exposed live part 80 V (Operating rod is at a shortened state.)
	High voltage	Exposed live part 400 V (Operating rod is at a shortened state.)
(Voltage to ground)	Insulated wire	(φ5 mm2 OC wire) 3,400 V
Frequency	у	50/60Hz
Dielectric stre	ngth	Between contact tip and grip: Shortened state 20 kVAC, 1 min
Leakage curr	rent	0.5 mA or less at dielectric strength test
Battery		LR44(1.5V) × 2 pcs
Life of the battery		8 hr. in continuously operating state; about 1.5 years in unused state
Operating temperati	ure range	-10℃~+40℃
Weight		About 85 g

17

Suitable for the Work of Withstand Voltage Test

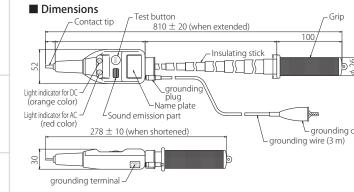


HSN-6A

Voltage detector for high/low voltage

00 to 7000 V (at withstand voltage test of 10.5 kV) **DC** 50 to 7000 V (at withstand voltage test of 21 kV)

- It can be used for withstand voltage tests with high-voltage equipment. It can be used up to 10.5 kVAC, 21 kVDC, only for application of withstand voltage test.
- Discrimination function between AC and DC
- Checking residual electric charge and electric discharge are possible. (Refer to P.50.)



Accessory Storage case grounding wire (3 m)

■ Specifications

	Working		Working Without AC		100 V to 600 V (Voltage detection by touching the name plate with a hand)
	voltage	- I arounging w		a AC	3 kV to 7 kV (With extended insulating stick)
			With	AC	100 V to 7000 V (Usable up to 10.5 kV for withstand voltage test)
	range	-	grounding wire	DC	50 V to 7000 V (Usable up to 21 kV for withstand voltage test)
	Frequency (AC)				50/60Hz
	Between contact tip and name plate		ame plate	4 kVAC, 1 min, 1 mA or less	
	Laskana	Between contact tip and grip-		and arin	(Insulating stick: Shortened) 20 kVAC, 1min, 100 μ A or less
	Leakage current	9-	reen contact tip and g		(Insulating stick: Extended) 50 kVAC, 1min, 100 μ A or less
		Between contact tip and grou			26 kVAC, 1 min, 1 mA or less
р	Bet		Between core of the grounding plug and outside the covering		22 kVDC, 1 min
	Battery Operating temperature range Weight			LR44(1.5V) × 2 pcs	
			ange	-10℃~+50℃	
				About 290 g	

HST-1.5N

High voltage detector

AC 600~7000V DC 600~7000V



■ Features

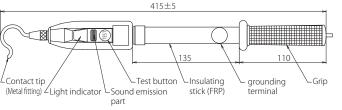
• With 7-m earth wire

Robust and Lightweight Design Using FRP for Insulating Stick





■ Dimensions



■ Specifications

Working voltage AC range DC	- 600V~7000V	
Frequency	50/60Hz	
Dielectric strength	Between contact tip and grounding terminal 14000 VAC, 5 min	
Leakage current	1 mA or less at dielectric strength test	
Battery	LR44(1.5V) × 2 pcs	
Life of the battery	4 hr. under continuously operating state	
Operating temperature range	-10°C~+40°C	
Weight	About 340 g (main body only)	

Suitable for Work when Climbing Telecommunication Masts.







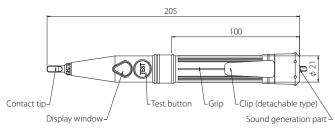
■ Features

• Specification for communication; can be used from a working voltage range of 60 VAC

It is the successor of HSC-7G (certified product of NTT's specification)



■ Dimensions



■ Specifications

	Working voltage range		AC60V∼7000 V
	Operation starting Low voltage		Exposed live part 60 V (in contact with live part)
		High voltage	Exposed live part 400 V (in contact with live part)
	(Voltage to ground)	Insulated wire	(φ5 mm2 OE wire) 3,000 V
	Frequency Dielectric strength Leakage current Battery		50/60Hz
			20 kV for 1 min between contact tip and grip
			0.5 mA or less at dielectric strength test
			LR44(1.5V) × 2 pcs
	Life of the bat	ttery	3 hr. in continuously operating state; about 2 years in unused state
	Operating temperature range Weight		-10°C~+40°C
			About 55 g



Voltage detector for high/low voltage



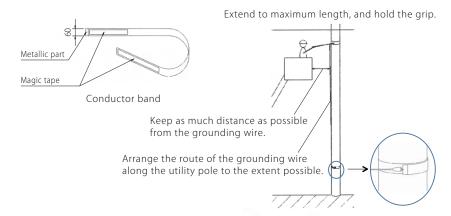


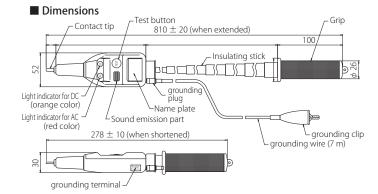
[Precaution]

This is a product supports special applications. For details, please inquire at our sales departmen

Voltage Detector to Be Used on Bucket Cars

Accessory





■ Specifications

Working voltage range	AC60V∼7000 V
Operation starting voltage	35 VAC \pm 7 V (in the state with grounding clip connected to the ground)
Frequency	50/60Hz
Dielectric strength	20 kV for 1 min between contact tip and grip
Dielectric strength	Between contact tip and grounding clip: Ditto
Leakage current	100 μ A or less at dielectric strength test
Battery	LR44(1.5V) × 2 pcs
Operating temperature range	-10℃~+50℃
Weight	About 290 g (main body only)



Serialized from High Voltage to Special High Voltage Lightweight and Easy to Use

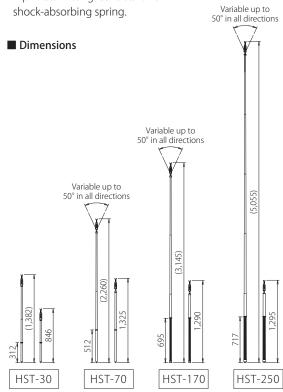
HST series

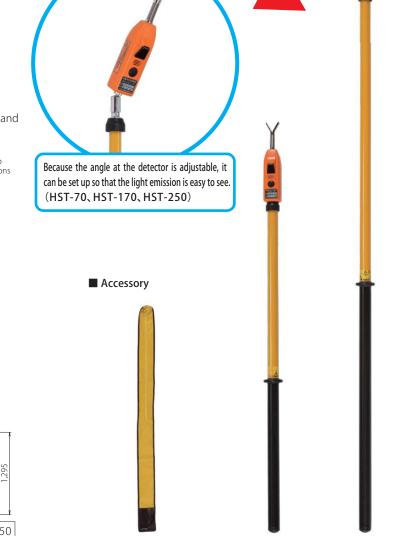
■ Features

• FRP is used for the insulating stick. It is of lightweight and has outstanding operability.

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{HST-30} & 3 \text{kV} \sim \ 34.5 \text{kV} \\ \text{HST-70} & 20 \text{kV} \sim \ 80.5 \text{kV} \\ \text{HST-170} & 60 \text{kV} \sim 195.5 \text{kV} \\ \text{HST-250} & 150 \text{kV} \sim 287.5 \text{kV} \end{array}$

• Tip metal fitting consists of a shock-absorbing spring.





Bag for housing

HST-30

HST-170

(Shortened state) (Shortened state)

Operating rod can be changed to a longer one. (* Changing to a shorter one is not possible from the viewpoint of safety.)

	Operating for can be changed to a longer one: (changing to a shorter one is not possible from the viewpoint of safety.)								
		N	lodel after changing the operating ro	od					
	Standard product	Changed to operating rod of HST-70 (2,260 mm)	Changed to operating rod of HST-170 (3,145 mm)	Changed to operating rod of HST-250 (5,055 mm)					
<u>a</u>		HST-30G	HST-30H	HST-30J					
0	HST-70	_	HST-70H	HST-70J					
2	HST-170	*	_	HST-170J					

Specification	I Specifications					
Model		HST-30	HST-70	HST-170	HST-250	
Working voltage range	AC	3kV∼34.5kV	20kV∼80.5kV	60kV~195.5kV	150kV~287.5kV	
Operation starting voltage	Bare wire	500V±20%	3kV±20%	10kV±20%	20kV±20%	
(Voltage to ground)	φ5 mm2-OC wire	3 kV or less	_	_	_	
Frequency		50/60Hz				
Dielectric strength		Contact tip – Grip Insulating stick 75 kVAC/300 mm, 1 min (following positions except for the electrode and joint portions)				
		70 kVAC, 1 min	3 locations	6 locations	8 locations	
Leakage current			100 μ A or less at dielectric strength test/1 position			
Bat	tery	LR44(1.5V) × 2 pcs				
Life of th	Life of the battery About 4 hr. under continuously operating state erating temperature range -10° C∼+50°C					
Operating tem						
Weight		About 340 g	About 530 g	About 600 g	About 1030 g	

Voltage Detector for 500 kV Electric Power HS-500 Transmission Lines

Special high voltage detector

AC 250k~550kV



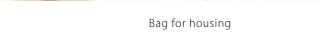
■ Features

■ Dimensions

- This voltage detector can handle the maximum voltages used in
- Sound and light indications can even be confirmed outdoors in daytime, and when there are high levels of ambient noise.

7090

Accessory



■ Specifications

AC250KV~550KV
20 kVAC ± 20% (in contact with exposed live part)
20 KVAC ± 20% (III contact with exposed live part)
Insulation pole 75 kVAC/300 mm, 5 min
100 μ A or less at dielectric strength test/1 position
6R61 or 6F22(9V) × 1 pcs
-10℃~+50℃
About 4.5 kg





■ Features

• Battery-less voltage detector that operates by energy of the target of voltage detection

Voltage Detection Check with Rotation of Windmill.



Contact tip (Metal fitting): Spring

■ Specifications

= specifications								
Model	Working voltage range	orking voltage range Total length (when extended)						
WM-22	AC6.6 ~ 22kV	1.3m						
WM-33	AC6.6 ∼ 33kV	1.9m						
WM-77A	AC11 ∼ 77kV	1.9m						
WM-77B	AC11 ∼ 77kV	2.3m						
WM-77C	AC11 ∼ 77kV	3.4m	Spring					
WM-154A	AC11∼154kV	2.8m						
WM-154B	AC11~154kV	3.7m						
WM-275	AC33~275kV	4.5m						

Made by Fukuden Seisakusho



HST-20N

High voltage & Special high voltage detector

AC 3k~25kV DC 3k~25kV



■ Features

• New model that is lightweight type of HS-20N

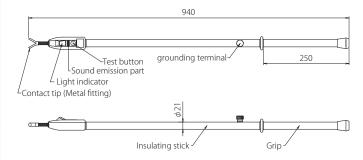
Voltage Detector of Dual Use for AC/DC

Bag for housing

Accessory



■ Dimensions



■ Specifications

	Working voltage	AC	3kV~25kV	
	range	DC	2KV2ZKV	
	Operation	AC	10001/ ± 200/	
	starting voltage	DC	1000V±20%	
	(Voltage to ground)	Insulated wire	Unusable	
	Frequency		50/60Hz	
	Dielectric strength Leakage current Battery Life of the battery		Between contact tip (metal fitting) and grounding terminal 50 kVAC, 1 min	
			0.5 mA or less at dielectric strength test	
			LR44(1.5V) \times 2 pcs	
			About 4 hr. in a continuously operating state	
	Operating temperature range		-10℃~+40℃	
	Weight		About 610 g (main body only)	

Wide Range Featuring Dual Use for AC and DC

HS-90N

High voltage & Special high voltage detector

AC 6k~90kV DC 6k~90kV



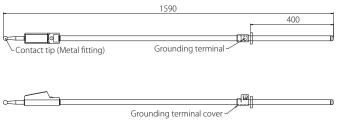
■ Features

• It operates over a wide range from high voltages to special high voltages

Accessory



■ Dimensions



■ Specifications

Working voltage AC		6∼90kV		
range	DC	0. 290KV		
Operation starting voltage (Voltage to ground) Frequency Dielectric strength Leakage current Battery Operating temperature range Weight		1000V±20%		
		3000V±20%		
		50/60Hz		
		Between contact tip (metal fitting) and grounding terminal 180 kVAC, 5 min		
		1 mA or less at dielectric strength test		
		6R61 or 6F22(9V) × 1 pcs		
		-10℃~+50℃		
		About 1,400 g (main body only)		

HVC-1.5N2 For railways

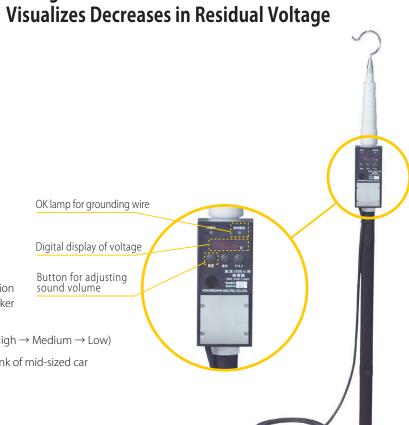
Voltage detector for DC overhead contact lines

DC 1500V

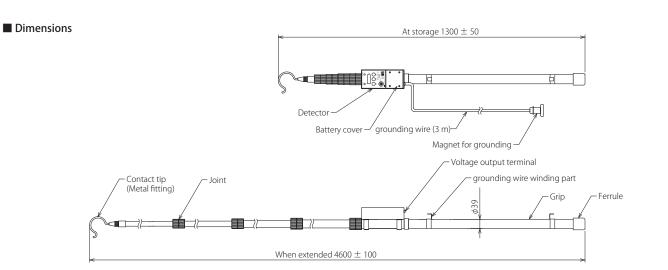


■ Features

- Function checks for disconnected earth wire
- Voltage measurement function
- Rapidly discharges a residual electric charge
- · Voltage detector checker is built in. Because there is a voltage-generating function inside the main body, the voltage detector checker does not require checks prior to use.
- The sound volume of the buzzer is adjustable (High \rightarrow Medium \rightarrow Low)
- Dimensions enable horizontal storage in the trunk of mid-sized car



Voltage Detector for 1500 VDC Overhead Contact Lines



■ Specifications

■ Specifications				
Wor	king voltage range	1500 VDC * Voltage detection of negative potential is not possible.		
Operation	starting voltage (Voltage to ground)	DC750V±100V		
	Operation display (charging)	Red LED and buzzer		
Display	Check of earth wire (Earth wire is OK)	Green LED		
	Voltage display	Range: 0 VDC to 1999 VDC Resolution: 1 V, Accuracy: Within \pm 50 V		
Volume adjustment for buzzer sound		Each time when the sound volume push-button switch is pressed the cycle of High → Medium → Low → High is repeated. Sound volume at a distance of 1 m High: 75 dB or more Medium: 55 to 70 dB, Low: 50 dB or less		
Out	put voltage at test	DC1000V±200V		
Di	electric strength	Contact tip (Metal fitting) – Grounded part 4 kVAC, 1 min		
L	eakage current	1 mA or less at dielectric strength test		
Battery Operating temperature range		R6 or LR6(1.5V) \times 4 pcs		
		0°C~+50°C		
	Weight	About 4 kg		

Accessory



Bag for housing





AC 6600V

HS-1.5NJ:600~7000V HS-1.5NR:1000~7000V

Voltage Detector of Dual Use with DC Overhead Contact Line and 7 kVAC

HS-1.5NJ



■ Features

• Regarding the grounding system, HS-1.5NJ is a clip type, and HS-1.5NR is a magnet type.

• It can discriminate the discharge state of residual electric charge after electric power outage. (HS-1.5NR)

Operation display (HS-1.5NR)

Voltage		Green LED		Red LED and buzzer	
DC	AC	Lighting	Flashing	Lighting	Sound generation
After test and after voltage detection (not charged)		0	_	-	_
Approx. 350 to Approx. 750 V Approx. 1,000 to Approx. 2,000 V		_	0	-	_
Approx. 750 V or more Approx. 2,000 V or more		_	_	()

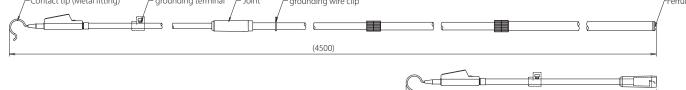
• When the green LED is flashing, a residual electric charge within the range of working voltages is being discharged.

O: Operation • A stand-by display function is provided. When the test button is pressed, the green LED lights for about 30 sec.

(Voltage detection is possible, even if the green LED is turned off.)

HS-1.5NR

■ Dimensions





Accessory







Clip-type grounding wire (7 m) for HS-1.5NJ



Magnet-type grounding wire (7 m) for HS-1.5NR

■ Specifications

	= 5 pecinications							
	Model		HS-1.5NJ	HS-1.5NJ1	HS-1.5NR			
	Maulia e calta e a sa sa sa	AC		6600V				
	Working voltage range	DC	600~7000V	1000~	-7000V			
	Operation starting	AC		2000V±20%				
	voltage	DC	400V±20%	DC800V±100V	750 \pm 100 VDC (Red LED)			
	(Voltage to ground)	DC	400V ± 20%	DC9004 T 1004	350 ± 80 VDC (Green LED flashes.)			
	Frequency (AC)		50/60Hz					
	Grounding system		CI	Magnet				
	Indication of operation	Light emission	It shall be able to confirm in the luminance of 8,000 lux.					
	indication of operation	Sound generation	Intermittent sound					
	Battery			6R61 or 6F22(9V) \times 1 pcs				
	Accessory		Clip type grounding wire (7 m) Magnet type grounding wire (
	Weight		Bag for housing					
			About 3,140 g		About 3,150 g			
	Dielectric strengt	h	Between contact tip (metal fitting) and grounding term		minal: 14,000 VAC, 5 min			
	Leakage current		Leakage cur	Leakage current at dielectric strength test: 1				

HST-W80JS For railways

Voltage detector for AC overhead contact lines

AC 20kV~80.5kV



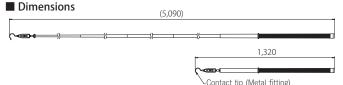
• Standby display function is provided.

The green LED lights when the test button is pressed and after detecting a voltage. * The green LED is turned off automatically after 1 to 2 min.

Voltage detection is possible even after it is extinguished (when there is no problem related to remaining battery life).



Charged indication Uncharged indication (Red LED lit) (Green LED lit)



Voltage Detector for AC Overhead Contact Lines of Existing Railways and Shinkansen



Bag for housing

■ Specifications Working voltage range AC20kV~80.5kV

5 kV \pm 20% (bare wire)		
50Hz/60Hz		
It shall be possible to confirm luminance of 8,000 lux.		
50 dB or more at a distance of 2 m		
Insulating stick 75 kVAC/300 mm, 1 min		
(6 locations on the insulating stick, except for electrode and joints)		
100 μ A or less at dielectric strength test/1 location		
LR44(1.5V) × 2 pcs		
About 4 hr. continuous operation		
-10° C to $+50^{\circ}$ C (However, there shall be no dew condensation inside.)		
About 1 kg		

* HST-W80JS-Y1 (spec. with Y-type Contact tip (Metal fitting) also exists.

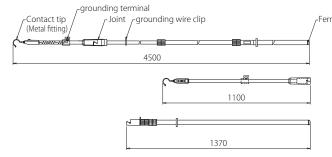


AC 20kV

■ Features

• The operating rod is of a separate type with a three-step telescopic pole and an operating rod with a detecting instrument.

■ Dimensions



Check for Presence or Absence of Induced Voltage at Overhead Contact Line with No-voltage Application

[Attention]

This instrument is not a voltage detector. The product is to be used with a voltage detector by fitting the earth hook, after confirming electric power outage of overhead contact line.

Accessory



Bag for housing



■ Specifications

Working voltage range		AC20kV	
Operation starting voltage (Voltage to ground)		AC50V±20%	
Indication of operation	Light emission	It shall be possible to confirm luminance of 8,000 lux.	
indication of operation	Sound generation	50 dB or more at a distance of 3 m	
Battery		LR44(1.5V) × 2 pcs	
Operating temperature range		-10℃~+50℃	
Leakage current		At dielectric strength test: 1.5 mA or less	

^{*} There is also a product for 25 kVAC (for Shinkansen). Model: HST-25JX

Handy Type with Built-in Battery



Handy Type with Built-in Battery



■Features

- Easy to use at the site
- · Checking low/high voltage is possible.
- Compact size and lightweight make it convenient to carry

■Specifications

Output voltage	H terminal 400 VAC L terminal 100 VAC
Output frequency	55Hz ±10Hz
Short-circuit current	0.5 mA or less
Operating temperature range	-10℃~+50℃
Battery	LR03(1.5V) \times 4 pcs Life of the battery Total operating time: About 1 hr.
Dimensions	65mm×120mm×40mm
Weight	430g



■Features

 \cdot Ideal for checking voltage detectors for communication use

■Specifications

Output voltage	H terminal 1,200 VAC L terminal 70 VAC
Output frequency	$55Hz \pm 10\%$
Short-circuit current	0.5 mA or less
Operating temperature range	0°C∼+50°C
Battery	6R61 or 6F22(9V) \times 2 pcs Life of the battery Total operating time: About 2 hr.
Dimensions	80mm×150mm×50mm
Weight	700g

HLL-1 Voltage detector checker

Wall Fitting Type for 100 VAC Power Supply

Voltage detector



■Features

- Check of high/low voltage detector is possible.
- It is provided with two output terminals, 100 VAC & 400 VAC, and can check various voltage detectors: low voltage, high voltage, and for dual use of high & low voltages.

■Specifications

Output valtage	For low voltage 100 VAC (±10%)				
Output voltage	For high voltage 400 VAC ($\pm 10\%$)				
Input voltage	AC100V				
Dielectric withstanding voltage	2 kV, 1 min (between input and earth)				
Short-circuit current	1 mA or less				
Dimensions	110mm×140mm×46mm				
Weight	640g				



Wall fitting type for 100 VAC power supply, for AC/DC



• Either AC low voltage detector or DC low voltage detector can be checked with one unit.

■Specifications

Output voltage	AC50V(±10%) DC+50V~+60V DC-50V~-60V				
Input voltage	AC100V				
Dielectric withstanding voltage	2.0 kV, 1 min (between input and earth)				
Short-circuit current	1 mA or less				
Dimensions	110mm×140mm×46mm				
Weight	600g				

DC voltage detector checker

Handy Type with Built-in Battery

CL-1-06 Voltage detector checker

Handy Type of Piezoelectric **System**



■Features

• Exclusive use for DC high voltage detector (Optimum for HS-1.5NR & HS-1.5NJ voltage detectors)

■Specifications

Output voltage	DC1000V
Load resistance	50 M Ω or more
Short-circuit current	0.5 mA or less
Operating temperature range	-10℃~+50℃
Battery	LR03(1.5V) × 4 pcs
Dimensions	72mm×114mm×45mm
Weight	280g



■Features

- Compact, lightweight, pocket type
- Battery-less type
- The product was developed in a collaboration between France and Japan, with the French company CATU and Hasegawa Electric Co., Ltd.

■Specifications

Specifications	The adjusting dial (10 to 30) is provided. 10. Output voltage: Approx. 3,500 V 20. Output voltage: Approx. 7,000 V 30. Output voltage: Approx. 11,500 V
Dimensions	190mm×65mm×32mm
Weight	300g
Accessory	Lead wire for connection, bag for housing

Correspondence table of voltage detector checker

Does does do and all				Voltage detect	or checker model		
Product model	-	HLA-1A	HLA-2G	HLL-1	HLL-6D	HLA-N2	CL-1-06
HTE-610/610 L		0	0	0	0		
HT-680D/DB/DS/DBS	AC	0	0	0	0		
111-0800/00/03/003	DC				0		
HT-670	AC	0	0	0	0		
	DC				0		
HSF-7		0	0	0			○ (10,20)
HSE-7T1		0	0	0			(10,20)
HSS-6B		0	0	0			○ (10,20)
HSG-6		0	0	0			○ (10,20)
HSN-6A	AC	0	0	0	0		O(10,20)
HSIN-OA	DC				0	0	
HST-1.5N	AC		0				○ (10,20)
DC DC						0	
HSE-7G		0	0	0			(10,20)
HST-30							○ (10,20)
HST-70							○(20)
HST-170							○(30)
HST-250							○(30)
HS-500							○(30)
HST-20N	AC						O(10,20)
H31-20N	DC						
HS-90N	AC						O(10,20)
	DC						
WM-22~275							0
HVC-1.5N2							
HS-1.5NJ/NR	AC		0				O(10,20)
חאו/נאוכ.ו-כרו	DC					0	
HST-W80JS							○(30)

Regarding a voltage detector, It is required by "Article 352 of Occupational Safety and Health Regulation (OSH Regulations)" that, "No abnormality shall exist on external appearance by visual check" and "Voltage detection performance shall be checked" before use.

A test button is provided on the voltage checker for checking the internal electronic circuit and battery voltage. It is not for checking operation starting voltage, wiring from detector to electronic circuit, etc. Therefore, it is necessary to check voltage detection performance using a voltage detector checker or well-known power supply during the inspection before use.

27

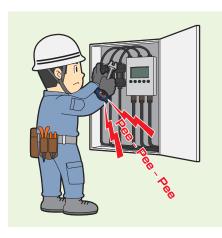
Hot line proximity alarm

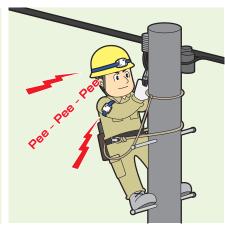
AC 6.6kV



- It generates an alarm with an electronic buzzer sound when a live voltage is detected.
- It is ideal for preventing human errors, because there is no power switch, and it is always in a stand-by state for operation.

This auxiliary device is for voltage detection. It sounds an alarm with an electronic buzzer to notify access to a live line from a remote location.





(Both 50Hz and 60Hz)

WRIST ALARM

AC 6.6kV

Exclusively for work relating to cubicles



HX-6 (Exclusively for use at 50 Hz or 60 Hz)

Upper arm fitting type

AC 6.6kV

HX-6S

Helmet fitting type

Hot line proximity alarm exclusively for work with overhead lines

* Please designate the frequency (50 Hz or 60 Hz).



Hot line proximity alarm exclusively for work with overhead lines (Exclusively for use at 50 Hz or 60 Hz)

* Please designate the frequency



[Attention]

[Attention]

(50 Hz or 60 Hz).

■Specifications

AC 6.6kV

- specifications				
Model	HXW-6	HX-6	HX-6S	
Location of use	Exclusively for work relating to cubicles		with overhead lines	
Alarm starting distance	60cm	80cm	110cm	
(Under standard condition)	OUCH	80CIII	TIOCIII	
Frequency	Both 50Hz and 60Hz	Either 50 Hz or 60 Hz, whichever is designated		
Sound volume	65dB or more (60cm apart)	65dB or more (1m apart)		
Battery	CR1620(3V) × 1 pcs	CR2025 or CR2032(3V) × 1 pcs		
Life of the battery Continuously operating state	About 15 hr.	About	: 50 hr.	
(with new battery) Unused state	About 10 months	About 2 years		
Operating temperature range	-5°C~+45°C			

Hot line proximity alarm

■What is a Hot line proximity alarm?

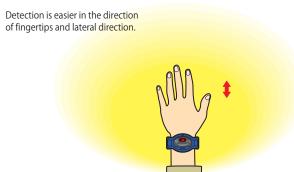
- It is a product that generates an alarm when it detects a voltage from a remote location to prevent electric shock. Unintended access due to human errors such as preconception or misconception can be prevented.
- This product cannot be used as a voltage detector.

■ Precautions before purchasing the Hot line proximity alarm

- Because detection sensitivity can be adjusted separately for work relating to cubicles and the work with overhead lines assuming the respective sites, use the product according to its location.
- The specification "OV—Ocm" of this product is a distance under the "standard condition" set by our company. At actual sites, the operation distance may become shorter, depending on environment, wiring conditions, etc. (*1) (*1) e.g.: A grounded structure exists nearby, etc.
- The sensitivity of this product is directional. Sensitivity is reduced at the back of the product (in the case of HXW-6, direction

Substation Facilities





In the direction of the palm, the detecting distance is shorter than in the upper direction.

HXC-3K

Portable live part detector

AC 3.3kV∼77kV



[Attention]

This device is not a voltage detector.

■Features

• Compact size and lightweight make it convenient to carry

■Specifications

For Identifying the Charging State of

Working voltage range		3.3 kV to 77 kV (Non-contact type for 11 kV or higher)			
Operating temper	erature range	-20°C~+40°C			
Freque	ency	50/60Hz			
Batte	ery	LR44(1.5V) × 2 pcs			
Dielectric strength		Between tip part and grip of detector 20 kVAC, 1 min (Leakage current: 1 mA or less)			
Detection pe	rformance	Operation starting voltage: $400 \text{ V} \pm 20\%$ Detectable distance: 5 cm at 3.3 kV, 10 cm at 6.6 kV			
Operation	Light emission	It shall be possible to confirm luminance of 8,000 lux at a distance of 50 cm.			
Operation status display Sound volume		50dB or more (1m apart)			
Dimen	sions	155mm			
Weight		35g			

*Without the casing

■Voltage & distance to be separated, and detectable distance

Tortage & distance to be separated, and detectable distance							
Voltage (kV)	3.3	6.6	11	22	33	77	
Necessary distance to be separated (cm)	_	_	15	25	35	76	
Detectable distance (cm)	5	10	33	90	120	230	

HHV-6T

emitting type live-part display unit

AC Max 7,000V

Alarm indicates Charging State with Voice/Audio signaling and Light emitting.

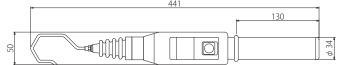


- · Voice/Audio signaling of "PI PI JUUDENTYUUDESU (Pi,Pi now charging)" is output.
- Flashing LED can be confirmed from all directions.



Bag for housing

■Dimensions



■Specifications

Maximum working voltage	AC7000 V
Frequency	50/60Hz
Dielectric strength	Between contact tip (metal fitting) and grip: 15 kVAC, 1 min
Leakage current	At dielectric strength test: 1 mA or less
Battery	$R14(1.5V) \times 2 pcs$
Operating temperature range	-10℃~+40℃
Structure	Equivalent to IPX1 (waterproof I type) Operation not influenced by presence of water.
Weight	About 500 g

HH-6A

type non-live-part display unit

AC $3kV \sim 7.2kV$



■Features

• Shape of the hook makes it difficult to dislodge even in strong winds.

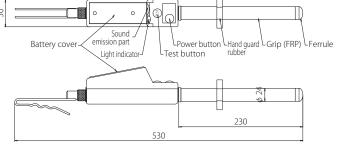
Uncharged State is Notified by Sound and Light Indications.





Bag for housing

■Dimensions



■ Specifications

	- Specification	J113		
	Working voltage range		AC3kV∼7.2kV	
	Insulation re	esistance	Between contact tip (metal fittir	ng) and grip, 100 M Ω or more
5	Dielectric s	trength	Ditto, 20 kVAC, 1 min	
	Leakage current		At dielectric strength tes	t: 500 μA or less
	Indication of	Light emission	It shall be possible to confirm luminance of 8,1	000 lux. Light is emitted in uncharged state.
	operation	Sound generation	50 dB or more at a distance of 2 m	Sound is generated in uncharged state
	Operating temperature range		-10℃~+40℃	
	Struct	ure	Waterproof (Ingress of w	ater is prevented.)
	Batte	ry	R03(1.5V) × 2 pcs	
	Weig	ht	About 580g	

HEV-750D

DC Voltage Checker for Electric Vehicle

DC 12V~750V



■Features

■Dimensions

- Indication of battery voltage is possible. "Low voltage of the control system/high voltage of the power system" is indicated by sound and light.
- Discharge promotion function of residual electric charge The residual electric charge stored in the load after disconnecting high-voltage battery can be rapidly discharged.

In the case of a low-voltage battery for the control system, only Low flashes.

reeled for tidy storage

Easy to Check Voltage of EV, HV, PHV



In the case of a high-voltage battery for the power system, Low + High flashes at the same time, and sound and light indications are generated.



■Specifications

Working voltage	ge range	DC12V~750V		
Operation starting voltage (No polarity)		Low :DC 6V±3V High :DC35V±5V		
Indication of	Light	Red LED, 2 pcs Low:Low lamp flashes. High:High + Low lamps flash. It shall be possible to confirm luminance of 8,000 lux.		
operation	Sound	Piezoelectric buzzer: Intermittent sound (High only) 50dB/30cm		
Battery	y	LR44(1.5V) × 2 pcs		
Operating tempera	ature range	-10℃~40℃		
Dimensions	Main body	165mm×50mm×22mm (except for protruding part)		
Diffierisions	Probe	φ9mm×125mm		
Weight		About 70 g		

Contact tip cover

grounding tip cover

HPL-200

Low voltage phase checker Non-contact type

AC 200V,400V (Three-Phase)

Checking Phase Rotation is Possible Through Electric Insulated Wire.



Bag for housing

■Indication of phase rotation

	Positive rotation	Inverse rotation
Color of flashing LED	Green color	Red color
Buzzer sound	None	Intermittent sound

■ Specifications

Working voltage range	200V,400V (Three-Phase)
Electric line	IV, DV, OW 2mm ² ~100mm ³
Battery	LR03(1.5V) × 2 pcs
Weight	About 190g (including batteries)
Dimensions	About 78mm × 72mm × 26mm

HPI-A6/S6/S20

Optical fiber type

HPI-A6 AC 3kV∼7kV HPI-S6 **AC** 6.6kV

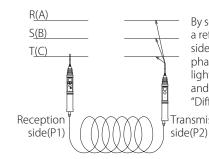
HPI-S20 AC 22kV~34.5kV

Insulated between detectors with optical fiber

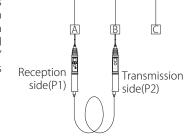


■Features

- A multi-functional phase tester that is provided with a stand-alone voltage detecting function, and phase test/phase sequence functions for combined use.
- Measurement is possible through coated wires. Measurement is possible through voltage detection terminals and coated wires. * Sealed cables cannot be used.
- In-phase/different phase, and phase sequence are indicated by sound and light indications.



By setting the reception side (P1) as a reference, check the transmission side (P2) corresponding to each phase. If there are no sound and light indications, it is "In-phase," and if there are indications, it is Reception "Different phase." Transmission



×2pcs

HPI-A6

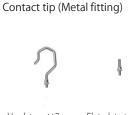
When detectors contact two out of three phases, and if there are no sound and light indications at the reception side (P1), this indicates "positive rotation," and if there are, this indicates "inverse rotation."

■Accessory Storage case

Attaché case

HPI-A6









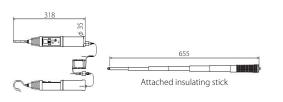
×2pcs HPI-A6 HPI-S6/S20

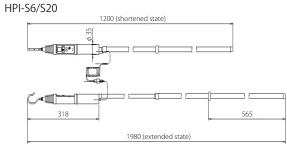
HPI-S6/S20



Joint for optical cable

■Dimensions HPI-A6





■Specifications

эрсспіса					
Мо	del	HPI-A6	HPI-S6	HPI-S20	
Working vo	ltage range	3kV∼7kV	6.6kV	22kV~34.5kV	
Tar	get	For cubicles	For overh	lead lines	
Frequ	iency		50/60Hz		
Insulation	resistance		$2000 M\Omega$ or more		
Dielectric	strength	20 kV,	75 kV, 1 min		
Operating tem	perature range	-10°C∼+40°C			
Indication	Light emission	It shall be able	to confirm luminanc	e of 8,000 lux.	
of operation	Sound generation	50 dB or more at a distance of 1 m from the sound-generating part (intermittent sound generation)			
Phase tes	t function	Detection of in-phase or different phase of 120°			
Phase seque	nce function	Detection of advance or delay of 120°			
Possible distance of phase test		Distance between transmitter and receiver, with standard optical cable: 6 m (3m×2)			
russible distant	Le oi piiase test	It can be used at up to 30 m with the optional optical cable.			
Batt	tery	R1(1.5V), each 2 pcs			



*Use extended with a joint is not possible.

HPseries

High voltage & Special high voltage phase tester Wireless type

AC 3.3kV~33kV

[Attention]

There is no phase sequence (phase rotation) function. (Only discriminates in-phase, different phase) Please designate frequency of 50 Hz or 60 Hz.

Model HP-S: Straight type

Easy-to-use Wireless Type

Awarded 40th Shibusawa Prize Model HP-U: Universal joint type Accessory

Model HP-T: Bag for housing Model HP-S: Bag for housing Model HP-U: Trunk case

■ Specifications

_specimea.									
Mod	del	HP-T3	HP-S3	HP-U3	HP-T6	HP-S6	HP-U6	HP-S20	HP-U20
Working vol	ltage range		3.3kV 6.6kV Common use for 22 kV, 33 kV						or 22 kV, 33 kV
Frequ	iency			50 Hz (or 60 Hz (Either o	ne is to be desig	nated.)		
Phase test	t function	Discrimina	tion of in-phase	or different pha	se of 120° * Atter	ntion: There is no	phase sequence	e (phase rotation	n) function.
Possible distance	ce of phase test			istance betwee	n transmission si	de and reception	n side: Within 5 n	n	
Total length	When extended	550mm	1220mm	1480mm	550mm	1220mm	1480mm	1220mm	3470mm
Totalleligtii	When shortened	(without telescopic structure)	850mm	1090mm	(without telescopic structure)	850mm	1090mm	850mm	1640mm
	Light emission			It shall be a	ble to confirm in	the luminance	of 8,000 lux.		
operation	Sound generation			Į.	0 dB or more at	a distance of 3 n	n		
Batt	tery	6R61 or 6F22(9V), each 1 pcs							
Operating temp	perature range	-10°C~+50°C							
Struc	ture	Waterproof							
Wei	ght	700g×2	900g×2	1250g×2	700g×2	900g×2	1250g×2	900g×2	2200g×2

	Insulating stick (except for the antenna portion): Insulating stick – Surface	HP-S3, HP-U3, HP-S6, HP-U6, HP-S20, HP-U20	Interval of 30 cm, 75 kV, 5 min	
	Dielectric	Dotoctor: Contact tip loint part	HP-U3, HP-U6	20 kV, 5 min
	strength		HP-U20	50 kV, 5 min
		Contact tip – Grip	HP-T3, HP-T6	14 kV, 5 min

HP-UK6R

Voltage detector & phase tester for high voltage power distribution with a phase sequence (phase rotation) function Wireless type

AC 6.6kV

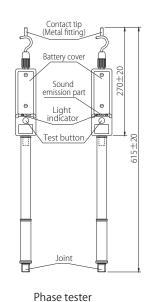
■Features

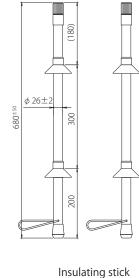
- Phase sequence (phase rotation) function is provided.
- Angle of tip metal fitting is adjustable. (20° in all directions)
- It is possible to use it in a short state by not fitting the extending insulating stick.

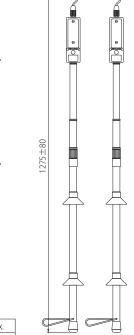
[Attention]

Please designate the frequency of 50 Hz or 60 Hz.

Accessory Bag for housing







he connection state of the insulating stick

■ Specifications

-spec.								
Frequency 5		50 Hz or 60 Hz (Either one is to be designated.)		Indication	Light emission	It shall be able to confirm luminance of 8,000 lux.		
	Dhace tester	Drying	Between contact tip (metal	fitting) and joint 20 kVAC - 1 min	indication	Sound generation	50 dB or more at a distance of 2 m	
Dielectric	Phase tester	Pouring water	Ditto	12 kVAC - 1 min	Phase test	Phase test	Discrimination of in-phase or different phase of 120°] 7
strength	Insulating stick	Drying	Between tip part an	nd grip 20 kVAC - 5 min	function	Phase rotation	Discrimination of advance or delay of 120°	
	insulating stick	Pouring water	Ditto	13.8 kVAC - 5 min	Structure o	of detector	Water shall not ingress.	
Leakag	je current	Phase tester: 1 mA or less Insulating stick: 0.5 mA or less C			Operating temperature range −10°C∼+40°C		-10℃~+40℃	
Possible dista	ance of phase test	Distance h	etween transmitting and	receiving sides: Within 5 m	Rati	terv	6R61 or 6E22(9V) each 1 ncs	1

Grounding hook

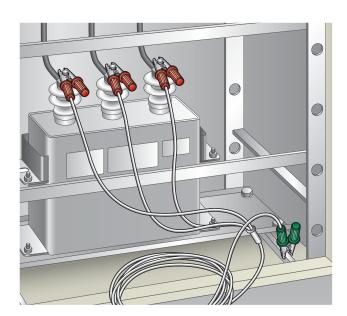
Various Lineups Are Available According to the Application

■When ordering, please designate the following.

- 1. Type of tip metal fitting
- 2. Type of insulating stick (supplementary connecting type, telescopic type)
- 3. Length and diameter of insulating stick
- 4. Cross-sectional area and length of earth wire
- 5. Type of grounding metal fitting
- 6. Working voltage

[Attention]

- •Three-phase/one set (three-unit set) is the standard (except
- The bag for housing is sold separately (except for partial
- The products are manufactured to order, so there may be cases when they are non-returnable.



■How to connect operating rod (As a standard, a rod of 3 m or less consists of a single rod.)

Figures inside () indicate outside diameter of the rod.

		9	iside () indicate outside diameter of the roa.	
Length of operating rod	Earth wire of 38 m	In the case of using earth wire of 60 mm2 or more		
Length of operating rod	In the case of using a strong type tip metal fitting		in the case of using earth whe of oo minz of more	
3.5m (connection of 2 rods)	$1.5 \text{m} (31\phi) + 2.0 \text{m} (34\phi)$	$1.5 \text{m} (31 \phi) + 2.0 \text{m} (34 \phi)$	$1.5 \text{m} (31 \phi) + 2.0 \text{m} (34 \phi)$	
4.0m (connection of 2 rods)	$2.0 \text{m} (31 \phi) + 2.0 \text{m} (34 \phi)$	$2.0 \text{m} (31 \phi) + 2.0 \text{m} (34 \phi)$	$2.0 \text{m} (31 \phi) + 2.0 \text{m} (34 \phi)$	
4.5m (connection of 2 rods)	$2.5 \text{m} (31 \phi) + 2.0 \text{m} (34 \phi)$	$2.5 \text{m} (31 \phi) + 2.0 \text{m} (34 \phi)$	$2.5 \text{m} (34 \phi) + 2.0 \text{m} (39 \phi)$	
5.0m (connection of 2 rods)	$2.5 \text{m} (31 \phi) + 2.5 \text{m} (34 \phi)$	$2.5 \text{m} (31 \phi) + 2.5 \text{m} (34 \phi)$	$2.5 \text{m} (34 \phi) + 2.5 \text{m} (39 \phi)$	
6.0m (connection of 2 rods)	$3.0 \text{m} (34\phi) + 3.0 \text{m} (39\phi)$	$3.0 \text{m} (34\phi) + 3.0 \text{m} (39\phi)$	$3.0 \text{m} (34 \phi) + 3.0 \text{m} (39 \phi)$	
6.0m (connection of 3 rods)	$2m(34\phi) + 2m(39\phi) + 2m(39\phi)$	$2m(34\phi) + 2m(39\phi) + 2m(39\phi)$		
Kind of joint	uses an insulating joint, and others use a metallic joint.			

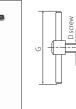
■Type of grounding wire (transparent vinyl covered electric wire)

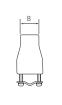
Cross-sectional area	8mm²	14mm²	22mm²	38mm ²	60mm ²	100mm ²
Wire configuration	7/22/0.26	7/38/0.26	7/7/40/0.12	19/38/0.26	19/60/0.26	37/51/0.26
Weight	105g/m	180g/m	265g/m	455g/m	680g/m	1120g/m
Finished outside diameter	6.6mm	8.4mm	10.1mm	12.9mm	15.2mm	19.0mm

■Grounding metal fitting

Grounding metal fitting (SA107-B,C,D)









Valve type grounding handle (SA110)

	/ 1- 80
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T	
	42

* The photo shows SATO7-C

Model	Mounting method	Applicable wire	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Weight
SA107-B	Screw tightening method	8mm²∼ 14mm²	51	18	18	10	39	13	65	280g
SA107-C	Screw tightening method	22mm ² ~ 38mm ²	66	24	27	12	53	14	95	570g
SA107-D	Screw tightening method	60mm ² ~100mm ²	90	30	38	12	75	23	95	1080g
SA110	Stud bolt type	M12 stud	Valve type grounding handle				320g			

Grounding hook component Table 1

When ordering the earth hook, please designate the following. 1. Type of tip metal fitting

- 2. Type of insulating stick (supplementary connecting type, telescopic type) 3. Length and diameter of insulating stick

Attention

●Three-phase/one set is a standard. (Used with AC)

The bag for housing is sold separately.
 The products are manufactured to order,

so there may be cases when they are non-returnable. Please note this when placing an order.

- 4. Cross-sectional area and length of earth wire
- 5 .Type of grounding metal fitting

■ Fixed type tip metal fitting (The operating rod and tip metal fitting are fixed.)

External appearance	Model name	Range of use (mm)	Dimensions	Weight	Remarks
	MA121-A Large size	φ 8 to 40	195	710g	For round bus bar
	MA121-AS Special large size	φ 30 to 80	195	800g	For round bus bar
	MA121-AG Strong large size	φ 20 to 52, L=195 φ 40 to 80, L=195 φ 70 to 150, L=225 φ 100 to 180, L=225		1200g { 1920g	For round bus bar (Earth wire: 60 mm² or more)
	MA121-C Slanted large size	φ 8 to 40	195	930g	For round bus bar
	MA111-A Universal type	ϕ 8 to 40 Thickness of bus bar within 12 Width within 75	185	930g	For dual use of round and flat bus bars
	MA111-AG Strong universal type	ϕ 20 to 52 Thickness of bus bar within 20 Width within 100	200	1600g	For dual use of round and flat bus bars (Earth wire: 60 mm² or more)
	MA111-C Slanted universal type	φ 8 to 40 Thickness of bus bar within 12 Width within 75	775-75-75-75-75-75-75-75-75-75-75-75-75-	1060g	For dual use of round and flat bus bars
	MA122-A Medium size	φ 5 to 25	130	370g	For round bus bar
	MA114-A Horizontal & slanted copper band type	Thickness within 25 Width within 100		1000g	For flat bus bar
	MA114-AG Strong horizontal & slanted copper band type	Thickness within 30 Width within 100	1912 1912 1912	2250g	For flat bus bar (Earth wire: 60 mm² or more)
	MA115-A Cubicle type	ϕ 5 to 25 Thickness of bus bar within 30 Width no limit	130	500g	For dual use of round and flat bus bars
	MA115-AG Strong cubicle type	ϕ 8 to 25 Thickness of bus bar within 35 Width no limit	38 220	1050g	For dual use of round and flat bus bars (Earth wire: 60 mm² or more)
A C	MA115-AN Cubicle type for narrow spaces	ϕ 5 to 25 Thickness of bus bar within 30 Width within 50	130	480g	For dual use of round and flat bus bars
	MA115-AH Cubicle type with claw	φ 5 to 25 Thickness of bus bar within 30 Width within 50	130	530g	For dual use of round and flat bus bars

Grounding hook component

Table 2

When ordering the earth hook, please designate the following. Attention

- Type of tip metal fitting
 Type of insulating stick (supplementary connecting type, telescopic type)
 Length and diameter of insulating stick
- 4.Cross-sectional area and length of earth wire
- .Type of grounding metal fitting
- 6.Working voltage

Three-phase/one set is a standard. (Used with AC) The bag for housing is sold separately.
 The products are manufactured to order, so there may be cases when they are non-returnable. Please note this when

placing an order.

■ Detachable type tip metal fitting (The operating rod and tip metal fitting are detachable.)

External appearance	Model name	Range of use (mm)	Dimensions	Weight	Remarks
	MA121-B Large size	φ 8 to 40	195	760g	For round bus bar Closed stocks (set items) of the type ZB, type YB have a groove width of 5.5 mm.
	MA121-BS Special large size	φ 30 to 80	195	860g	For round bus bar
	MA121-BG Strong large size	φ 20 to 52, L=200 φ 40 to 80, L=200 φ 70 to 150, L=200 φ 100 to 180, L=230		1250g { 1950g	For round bus bar (Earth wire: 60 mm² or more)
	MA121-D Large slanted type	φ 8 to 40	210	930g	For round bus bar
	MA111-B Universal type	ϕ 8 to 40 Thickness of bus bar within 12 Width within 75	185	980g	For dual use of round and flat bus bars
	MA111-BG Strong universal type	ϕ 20 to 52 Thickness of bus bar within 20 Width within 100	200	1680g	For dual use of round and flat bus bars (Earth wire: 60 mm² or more)
	MA111-D Universal slanted type	ϕ 8 to 40 Thickness of bus bar within 12 Width within 75	185	930g	For dual use of round and flat bus bars
	MA122-B Medium size	φ 5 to 25	150	420g	For round bus bar
Shipping the state of the state	MA114-B Horizontal & slanted copper band type	Thickness within 25 Width within 100		1010g	For flat bus bar
	MA115-B Cubicle type	φ 5 to 25 Thickness of bus bar within 30 Width no limit	145	520g	For dual use of round and flat bus bars
	MA105 Tip metal fitting for operating rod		23	170g	To be used for all detachable models of the types MA115-B, ZB, and YB, except for closed stocks
pt -	MA105-S Tip metal fitting for operating rod		95	70g	To be used for closed stocks of the types MA115-B, ZB, and YB

Fixed type

Attention When ordering the earth hook, please designate the following.

1. Type of tip metal fitting

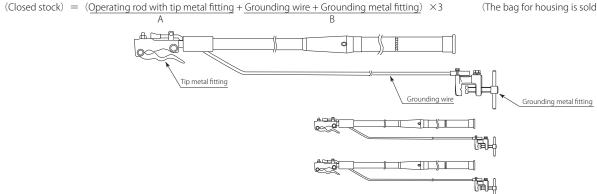
- 2. Type of insulating stick (supplementary connecting type, telescopic type) 3. Length and diameter of insulating stick
- 4. Cross-sectional area and length of earth wire
- 5 .Type of grounding metal fitting

placing an order. (The bag for housing is sold separately.)

Three-phase/one set is a standard. (Used with AC)

The bag for housing is sold separately.
 The products are manufactured to order,

so there may be cases when they are non-returnable. Please note this when



Model of tip metal fitting
Large fixed type MA121-A (MA121-C)
Universal fixed type

MA111-A (MA111-C)

Medium-sized fixed type MA122-A Fixed type for cubicle MA115-A

Class	Breakdown of class			Cua un alima u unina	Grounding	
Class	Le	ngth, kind of operat	ring rod	Grounding wire	metal fitting	
Type 5	Neo pipe	0.5m	Single rod	22mm ² ×3m	SA107C	
Type 10	//	1.0m	//	//	//	
Type 15	//	1.5m	//	22mm ² ×4m	//	
Type 20	//	2.0m	//	//	//	
Type 25	//	2.5m	//	22mm ² ×5m	//	
Type 30	//	3.0m	//	//	//	
Type 35	// 3.5	5m (1.5+2)	Connecting type	22mm ² ×6m	//	
Type 40	// 4.0	Om (2+2)	//	//	//	
Type 45	// 4.5	5m (2.5 + 2)	//	22mm ² ×7m	//	
Type 50	<i>"</i> 5.0	Om (2.5 + 2.5)	//	//	//	
Type 60	// 6.0	Om (3+3)	//	//	//	
Type 60	// 6.0	Om (2×3)	//	//	//	
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

Type 60	//	6.0m (2×3)	//	//	//
Type 5	//	0.5m	1本もの	14mm ² ×3m	SA107B
Type 10	//	1.0m	//	//	//
Type 15	//	1.5m	//	14mm ² ×4m	//
Type 20	//	2.0m	//	//	//

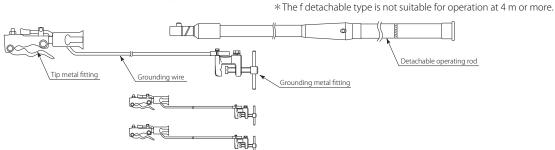
	//	
	154kV	
	//	
	//	
	275kV	
	//	
	6.6kV	
	//	
	22kV	

Applicable voltage 6.6kV 22kV 77kV

(Regarding the Type 60 described above, please designate either connection with two rods or three rods.)

Detachable type

 $(Closed stock) = (Detachable tip metal fitting + Grounding wire + Grounding metal fitting) \times 3 + (Detachable operating rod) \times 1 \\ (The bag for housing is sold separately.)$

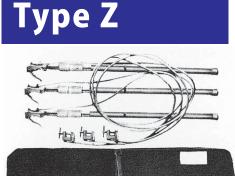


ı	Model of tip metal fitting	В
	Large detachable type MA121-B (MA121-D)	
	Universal detachable type MA111-B (MA111-D)	

Class	Le	Breakdown of clasength, kind of operat		Grounding wire	Grounding metal fitting
Type 5	Neo pipe	0.5m	Single rod	22mm ² ×3m	SA107C
Type 10	//	1.0m	//	//	//
Type 15	//	1.5m	//	22mm ² ×4m	//
Type 20	//	2.0m	//	//	//
Type 25	//	2.5m	//	22mm ² ×5m	//
Type 30	//	3.0m	//	//	//
Type 35	//	3.5m (1.5+2)	Connecting type	22mm ² ×6m	//
Type 40	//	4.0m (2+2)	//	//	//

Applicable voltage	
6.6kV	
//	
22kV	
//	
77kV	
//	
//	
154kV	

Operating rod of compressed tightening-type telescopic model for power transmission line



(Closed stock) = (Operating rod with tip metal fitting + Grounding wire + Grounding metal fitting) \times 3 + (Bag for housing) \times 1 or \times 3

Z1	Z2
	(Z3) L
1300 1300 1400 4000	1300(700)

■Grounding metal fitting SA107-C Insulating stick: Epoxy pipe

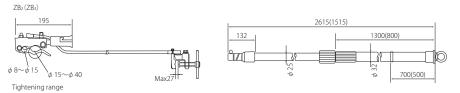
Туре	Applicable voltage	Tip metal fitting	Grounding wire	Length at extended state	At storage	No. of connections	Bag for housing	Weight o contents & l
Z1	275kV	MA121-A	$22\text{mm}^2 \times 5\text{m}$	4.0m	1.8m	3	Capacity of 1 phase portion	15.5kg
Z2	154kV	//	$22\text{mm}^2\times4\text{m}$	2.6m	1.5m	2	Capacity of 3-phase portion	11.0kg
Z3	77kV	//	$22\text{mm}^2 \times 3\text{m}$	1.5m	1.1m	2	//	8.8kg

Operating rod of compressed tightening-type telescopic model for power transmission line

Type ZB



(Closed stock) = (Detachable tip metal fitting + Grounding wire + Grounding metal fitting) \times 3 + (Operating rod) \times 1 + (Bag for housing) \times 1

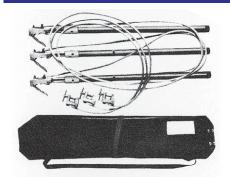


■Grounding metal fitting SA107-C Insulating stick: Epoxy pipe

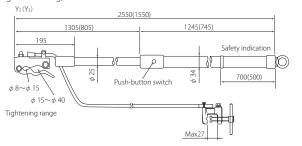
		, , ,				/ I I		
Туре	Applicable voltage	Tip metal fitting	Grounding wire	Length at extended state	At storage	No. of connections	Bag for housing	Weight of contents & bag
ZB2	154kV	MA121-B (Groove: 5.5 mm)	22mm ² ×4m	2.6m	1.4m	2	Capacity of 3-phase portion for 1800 × 120□	9.3kg
ZB3	77kV	//	22mm ² ×3m	1.5m	0.9m	2	Capacity of 3-phase portion for 1200 × 120□	7.8kg

Operating rod of button type telescopic model

Tvpe Y



 $(Closed stock) = (Operating \ rod \ with \ tip \ metal \ fitting + Grounding \ wire + Grounding \ metal \ fitting) \times 3 + (Closed stock) = (Operating \ rod \ with \ tip \ metal \ fitting + Grounding \ wire + Grounding \ metal \ fitting) \times 3 + (Closed \ stock) = (Operating \ rod \ with \ tip \ metal \ fitting + Grounding \ wire + Grounding \ metal \ fitting) \times 3 + (Closed \ stock) = (Operating \ rod \ with \ tip \ metal \ fitting + Grounding \ wire + Grounding \ metal \ fitting) \times 3 + (Closed \ stock) = (Operating \ rod \ with \ tip \ metal \ fitting + Grounding \ wire + Grounding \ metal \ fitting) \times 3 + (Closed \ stock) = (Operating \ rod \ with \ tip \ metal \ fitting + Grounding \ wire + Grounding \ metal \ fitting) \times 3 + (Closed \ stock) = (Operating \ rod \ with \ rod \$ (Bag for housing) \times 1

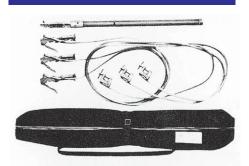


■Grounding metal fitting SA107-C Insulating stick: Neo pipe

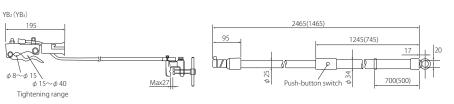
				<u> </u>					
	Туре	Applicable voltage	Tip metal fitting	Grounding wire	Length at extended state	At storage	No. of connections	Bag for housing	Weight of contents & bag
	Y2	154kV	MA121-A	$22\text{mm}^2\times4\text{m}$	2.5m	1.4m	2	Capacity of 3-phase portion	11.5kg
ĺ	Y3	77kV	//	22mm ² ×3m	1.5m	0.9m	2	//	9.0kg

Operating rod of button type telescopic model

Type YB



(Closed stock) = (Detachable tip metal fitting + Grounding wire + Grounding metal fitting) \times 3 + (Operating rod) \times 1 + (Bag for housing) \times 1



Crounding motal fitting \$1107 Classifiting stick: Noo pino

	arounding metal fitting 3A 107-C msdiating stick. Neo pipe									
Туре	Applicable voltage	Tip metal fitting	Grounding wire	Length at extended state	At storage	No. of connections	Bag for housing	Weight of contents & bag		
YB2	154kV	MA121-B	22mm ² ×4m	2.4m	1.4m	2	Capacity of 3-phase portion	9.6kg		
YB3	77kV	//	22mm ² ×3m	1.4m	0.9m	2	//	8.1kg		

Type H

Universal type for cubicle

For 6.6 kV with carrying case

■Dimensions



■Accessory

■Dimensions

cubicle

Type C

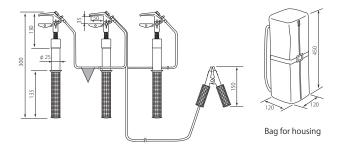
Universal type for

with carrying case

For 6.6 kV (narrow space type)



■Accessory



Type F

Universal type for cubicle

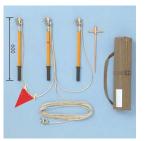
For 6.6 to 22 kV with carrying case



Bag for housing

Type S For round bus bar

For 6.6 to 22 kV with carrying case

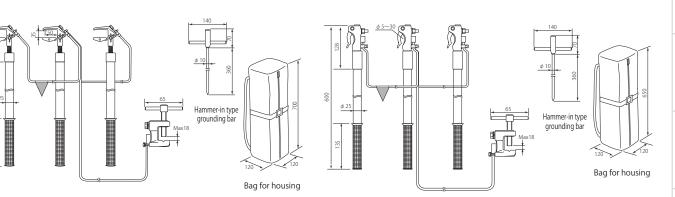


■Dimensions

■Accessory

■Dimensions

■ Accessory



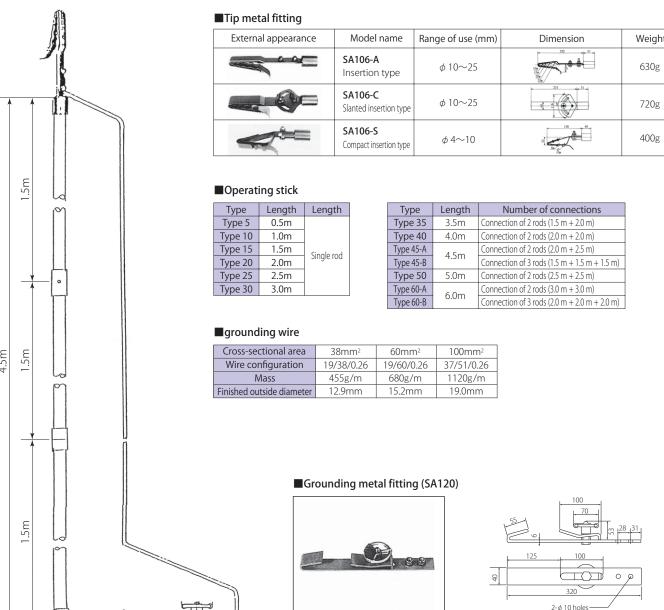
■ Specifications

- specifica	Securcations							
Type	Tip metal fitting	Length of insulating stick	Grounding wire	Grounding metal fitting	Hammer-in type grounding bar	Bag for housing	Weight	
Н	Insulation rubber clip	With rubber grip	$22\text{mm}^2 \times 1.7\text{m} \times 3 \text{ wires}$ $8\text{mm}^2 \times 5 \text{ m} \times 1 \text{ wire}$	Clip	None	Portable type 400×175×150	4.0kg	
С	MA115—AN	Neo pipe $(\phi 25 \times 35 \text{mm})$ with rubber grip	14mm²×0.7m×2 wires (with red triangular flag) 8mm²×7m×1 wire	Clip	None	Portable type 450×120□	3.4kg	
F	MA115—AH	Neo pipe $(\phi 25 \times 335 \text{mm})$ with rubber grip	22mm ² ×1.5m×2 wires (with red triangular flag) 8mm ² ×15m×1 wire	SA107-B	Ф 10 steel bar	Portable type 700×120□	5.6kg	
S	MA122—A	Neo pipe (φ25×337mm) with rubber grip	22mm ² ×1.5m×2 wires (with red triangular flag) 8mm ² ×15m×1 wire	SA107-B	ϕ 10 steel bar	Portable type 650×120□	5.0kg	

Type H is made by Hasegawa Electric Co., Ltd., and all other types are made by Sunasaki Seisakusho.

Grounding hook for railways

Manufacture to order is possible with free combination of tip metal fitting, length of operating rod, length and size of earth wire, and grounding metal fitting.



■Standard model

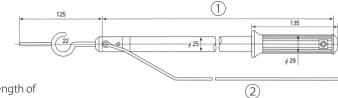
Type		Tip metal fitting	Grounding wire	Operating rod	Grounding metal fitting	Bag for housing	
	SA106A	Type 45-A	SA106A	60mm ² ×7m	4.5 m, connection of 2 rods (2.0 m + 2.5 m)	SA120	Sold separately
	SA106A	Type 45-B	SA106A	60mm ² ×7m	4.5 m, connection of 3 rods (1.5 m + 1.5 m + 1.5 m)	SA120	Sold separately

Mass: 1,000g

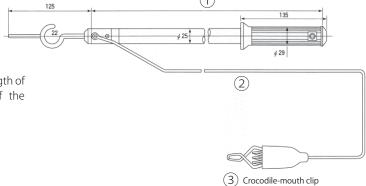
Discharge stick

Simple Discharge stick with Internal Resistance Not Built In.

AC 6.6kV



- (1) Length of insulating stick; (2) Cross-sectional area and length of grounding wire; (3) Product by order where a kind of the grounding metal fitting is to be designated
- (1) Dimensions of insulating stick 0.5m,1.0m,1.5m,2.0m
- (2) Cross-sectional area & length of grounding wire Cross-sectional area 8mm² • 14mm² Length 2m,3m,4m,5m,6m,7m,8m,9m,10m
- (3) Grounding metal fitting Crocodile-mouth clip, vise type (SA107-B) * For the Dimensions, refer to P.30.



HSH-K6

Discone hook stick with voltage detector

AC 6.6kV

Enhance Safety and Efficiency of Work



■Features

• Safety and work efficiency are enhanced by adding the voltage-detecting function to the high voltage cutout operating rod.

■Specifications

Model		HSH-K6		
Working volt	tage range	AC 6.6kV		
Operation starting voltage (Voltage to ground)		$1300V \pm 20\%$ (continuous indications of sound & light) (with insulated wire)		
Insulation resistance		Between contact tip (metal fitting) and grip: $100 \text{M}\Omega$ or mor		
Dielectric strength		Ditto: 1 min		
Leakage current		1 mA or less at dielectric strength test		
Indication of	Light emission	Light emission: It shall be able to confirm luminance of 8,000 lu		
operation	Sound generation	Sound: 50 dB or more at a distance of 2 m		

-10°C~+40°C
Waterproof (Water shall not ingress.)
200kg , 1 min
6R61 or 6F22(9V) × 1 pcs
About 470mm
About 390g

*Without the casing

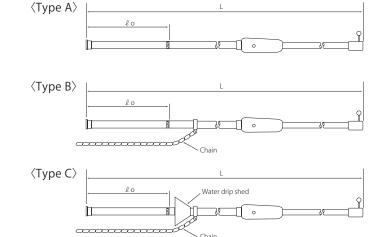
SA109□-□

Discone hook stick

AC 10kV~110kV

■Features

• There are lineups with or without the water drip shed (for outdoor use) as well as chain.

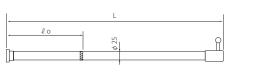


■Specifications

	Indoor	A-1	A-1.5	A-2	A-3	A2-4	A2-5	A2-6	A3-6
Model (SA109)		B-1	B-1.5	B-2	B-3	B2-4	B2-5	B2-6	B3-6
(3A109)	Outdoors	C-1	C-1.5	C-2	C-3	C2-4	C2-5	C2-6	C3-6
Applicable vo	oltage	10kV	20kV	30kV	40kV	70	kV	110	OkV
Length of hool	rod(L)	1.0m	1.5m	2.0m	3.0m	4.0m (connection of 2 rods)	5.0m (connection of 2 rods)	6.0m (connection of 2 rods)	6.0m (connection of 3 rods)
Rod dia. &	φ31	1.0m	1.5m	2.0m	3.0m	2.0m	2.5m	_	_
connecting method	φ34	_	_	_	_	2.0m	2.5m	3.0m	2.0m
connecting method	φ39	_	_	_	_	_	_	3.0m	2.0m+2.0m
Length of gri	p(ℓ o)	0.3m	0.5m	0.5m	0.7m	0.7m	1.0m	1.0m	1.0m
Tip metal fitting for discone hook rod			SA10	08-B		SA1	08-C	SA1	08-E

		Chain	Water drip shed
Type A	Indoor	None	None
Type B	//	Exist	None
Type C	Outdoors	Exist	Exist





■Specifications

Class	D1	D2	D3	D4
Length (L)	0.5m	1.0m	1.5m	2.0m
Length of grip (ℓ o)	0.3m	0.3m	0.5m	0.5m
Applicable voltage	6.6kV	10kV	20kV	30kV

EWL-3

LED working light Ecopika-kun

EWL-3set (Model of the set) Contents: EWL-3 (Illuminator) EWL-2B (Battery unit) EWL-2C (AC adapter)



■Features

- The working light has the 2-stage luminance switching function and flashing function.
- The spotlight enables visual recognition at a distance of 10 m.
- A magnet is built into the hand guard, and the irradiation angle can be freely adjusted, because it is movable.
- Shoulder belt and S-shaped hook are attached.

■Specifications

Illuminator I	EWL-3
Light source	Working light : LED \times 42 pcs (equivalent to 12 W) Spot light : 5 W LED \times 1 pc
Illuminance	Working light: 1,000 lux or more/30 cm Working light (dimmed state): 300 lux or more/30 cm Spot light: 25,000 lux or more/30 cm (With fully charged battery unit (EWL-2B) in every case)
Continuous lighting time	Working light : Lighting About 5 hr. Lighting (dimmed state) About 15 hr. Flashing About 20 hr. (Cycle of flashing: About 6 Hz) Spotlight : About 5 hr. (With fully charged battery unit (EWL-2B) in every case)
Power supply	Battery unit (EWL-2B)
Structure	Waterproof structure (Protection code: Equivalent to IP44
Specified temperature range	-10℃~40℃
Outside dimensions	ϕ 60mm $ imes$ 275mm (except for hand guard
Weight	About 480g (including battery unit)
Accessory	Shoulder belt, S-shaped hook

Battery unit EWL-2B

Battery to be used	Rechargeable type Nickel metal hydride packed battery (7.2 V, 2.200 mAh)
Charging system	About 4.5 hr. (using EWL-2C)
Battery life	Number of charges/discharges: 500 times or more (Differs depending on service conditions.)
Outside dimensions	25mm×38mm×236mm
Weight	About 245g

AC adapter EWL-2C

Input	AC100V (50/60Hz)
Cable length	About 1.8m
Outside dimensions	46mm×33mm×24mm
Weight	About 70g

Tough Professional Specification



■Option



Battery unit

It is to be set and used in the main body of the illuminator.

EWL-2C



It is necessary to charge the battery





Charging stand

It is possible to charge the main body of the illuminator in a vertical state. (EWL-2C is required separately.)

EWL-2C-B



Cigar lighter socket adapter

It is possible to charge from a cigar lighter socket of a car. (Exclusive use for 12 VDC)

EWL-3R



Red cover

It can also be used as a warning lamp

In the configuration of initial purchase, three items comprising EWL-3 (illuminator), EWL-2B (battery), and EWL-2C (AC adapter) are required. Please order the closed stock (set item) which is economical.

Model of the set: EWL-three sets (EWL-3 + EWL-2B + EWL-2C)





■Work/operation at hand and foot is easy with shoulder belt.



■Irradiation angle can be freely adjusted with the movable type magnet.

SPL-Y/R/B/W

Flashing LED

Color code Y:	PL- : Yellow/R: Red/B: Blue/W: Clear

■Features

- Excellent waterproof performance
- Mode can be changed between lighting and flashing.
- A magnet is provided at the rear face.

Compact Size and Convenient to Carry









Lighting time	Lighting: About 100 hr. Flashing: (132 times/min) About 250 hr			
Magnetic attractive force	2,400g			
Battery to be used CR2032 × 2 pcs				
Outer shape	Outer shape 57×40×30 (mm)			
Structure	Dustproof, waterproof			
Weight	38g			
Operating temperature range	-30℃~60℃			
Waterproof performance	50m			

IMR-80

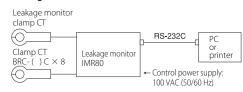
Multi-circuit Type, Capable of Measuring up to Eight Circuits

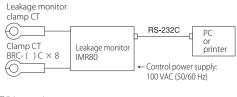
Conventional leakage current and fundamental wave component of leakage current from which the harmonic component has been removed can be measured and displayed at the same time, by combining analog filter and high-performance digital filter. Therefore, measurement in accordance with the frequency characteristics of the electrical leakage relay and electric leakage breaker is possible in the circuit where leakage current includes a lot of lower harmonic waves.

■Features

- Labor savings when researching leakage accidents are possible by simultaneously measuring eight circuits.
- · Leakage current (lo) and fundamental wave component (lo fundamental wave) are measured at the same time. • With the root mean square value (effective value) computation system for each one cycle (50/60 Hz), even a current with a distorted waveform can be measured precisely.
- Precise measurement is also possible for interruptions due to accidents that are recovered in a short time, and/or due to an electric leakage breaker, etc. (Measurement is possible up to three cycles.)
- Data management with personal computers using record management software (Data can be stored with the
- Output with a printer is possible (optional).
 The clamp CT for the models IMR-50, 60, 70, which are old products, can be also used.

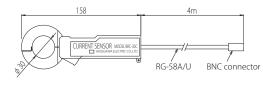
■Configuration





Dime	ensions ₁₆₇	54
20	[50] [60] [70] [80] [10] [10] [20] [30] [40]	30
1	Leak Monitor Model M9890	
150		

■Dimensions of Clamp CT (option)

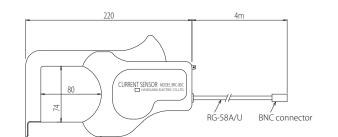


Accessory

Instruction manual	1	Warranty certificate	1
Quick manual	1	RS-232C cable (to be used at connecting a PC) 1.5 m	1
Soft case for storage	1	Record management software (CD-R)	1
Power cable	1	Spare fuse (3 A)	1

■Ontion	(sold	separately)	
	JOIG	3Cparatery/	

	Name	Model
Suc	Clamp CT (hole dia. φ 30 mm)	BRC-30C
atic	Clamp CT (hole dia. vertical 80 mm \times lateral 74 mm)	BRC-80C
Sensor relations	Clamp CT extension cord (10 m)	BRCD-10B
nsol	Clamp CT carrying case (380 \times 422 \times 160 mm)	IMR-OP03
Sel	Conversion connector (when CT for IMR50 is used)	BNCP-FJ
ons	Thermal printer (including AC power supply & AC cable)	BL-58RS
relations	Battery for printer	UR-121
Printer r	Charger for printer	NC-LSC05
Prin	Recording paper (1 box = 10 rolls)	TP211C-3



Detection system	lo system		Alarm output No voltage 1a
Measurement range	lo current : 0 to 1,000 mA (1 mA pitch)	Contact output	
weasurement range	Current of the lo fundamental wave : 0 to 800 mA (1 mA pitch)		It is closed when a current that exceeds a setting value is detected in any channel.
AC conversion system	Computation of root mean square value by each one-cycle period (50/60 Hz)		• As for the current recording section (max. current at each section is memorized),
AC CONVEISION SYSTEM	(Sampling period: Electrical angle of 6°)	D	5-10-15-30-60 minutes can be preset. Then, 10-day period with 5-minute setting, and 120-day period with 1-hour setting can be memorized.
Synchronization system	LINE (automatic discrimination from control power supply) or inside (50/60 Hz) can be selected.	Record	Record of electric leakage (latest 200 items for each channel)
A serves or (reading leady)	lo current · +5% +5 mA		Record of electric power failure (latest 20 items)
Accuracy (main body)	Current of lo fundamental wave : $\pm 5\% \pm 5$ mA	Output of record	Personal computer (Microsoft Windows XP/7)
	lo current: Analog low-pass filter (fc = 1,200 Hz)	Output of record	Printer for exclusive use (2-inch thermal line dot system)
Frequency characteristic	Current of lo fundamental wave : Digital band-pass filter	Display device	Liquid crystal display (LCD) with LED backlight
, ,	(Secondary to 20th harmonic components are removed.)	Temperature range	0~50℃
Cotting range	lo current: 10 to 900 mA (1 mA pitch)	Control power supply	AC100V 50/60Hz
Setting range	Current of lo fundamental wave : 10 to 700 mA (1 mA pitch)	Power consumption	About 7 VA on a steady basis
	Clamp type zero phase current transformer	Outside dimensions	170×167×54 (mm)
Sensor	BRC-30C/80C (common to IMR70 series)	Weight	About 1.5 kg (main body only)
2611301	Corresponding to the clamp CT for IMR50/60 series		
	The CT for IMR50 requires a conversion connector.		
	• Present current values (lo and lo fundamental wave), setting value, recording rate of	1	
Diamlari	electric leakages, record of electric leakages, and record of currents, for each channel		
Display	 Present current values (lo and lo fundamental wave), setting value (lo and lo fundamental wave), recording rate of electric leakage, and record of electric leakages, in aggregate 		

VOLTECT

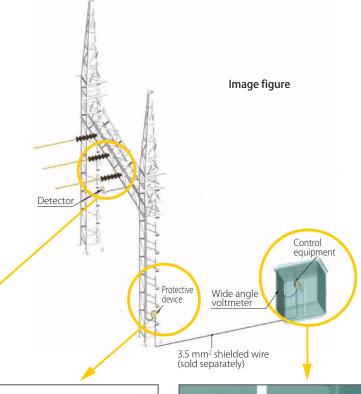
AC 3.3kV~550kV

This apparatus is produced and sold by our company, having inherited inheriting technologies of former Million Electric Mfg. Co. Ltd.

■Features

- It is economical because it can be easily fitted without using PT, PD.
- Fitting and maintenance are easy.

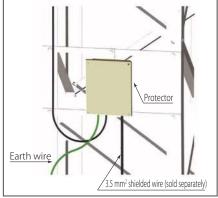
This indication and warning apparatus detects the presence or absence of a charged state of special high voltage substations, electric power transmission lines, power receiving equipment, etc. in a non-contact operation.



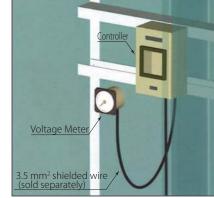


- •(DD type) HG7-DD-○m
- •(CT type) HG7-CT-○m

Attached	Standard 10 m
cable	20, 30, 40, 50, or 60 m to be designated



- •HG7-P1B(for single phase)
- •HG7-P2B(for two-phase)



Controller

- •HG7-SM○○
- •HG7-DM○○
- *Refer to the following Rating table.

Voltage Meter

·2101A30

Rat	ting tabl	e				
Indicating type of the measuring instrument		Voltage switch	Voltage switching indication			
Type o	pe of Controller Single-phase detection		SM1AH(high sensitivity)	SM1A(standard sensitivity)	DM1A	
	(*1)	Two-phase detection	SM2AH(high sensitivity)	SM2A(standard sensitivity)	DM2A	
Line voltage (50/60 Hz)		e (50/60 Hz)	3.3∼550 k V			
	Operating time	at charging/power failure	0.5 sec or less (However,	ratio of operating point	setting: 70 % or less)	
Contact	Contact Configuration Switching capacity/100 VDC Max. allowable circuit voltage		1c (for single phase), 1c × 2 (for two-phase)			
Contact			Resistance load: 0.5 A, Induction load: 0.1 A			
			180V. DC, 140V. AC			
Meter		Output	0∼1mA. DC			
Meter	Internal resistance		Less than 5 kΩ	About 1.5kΩ		
Operation indication lamp		Charging: Red light, Power failure: Green light, No power: Extinguished (milky white)				
Power supply voltage		Standard: 110 V, DC (Others: 24 V, 220 V)				
Power supply current		75 mA (for single phase), 100 mA (for two-phase)				
Withsta	nd voltage, in:	sulation resistance (*2)	2 kV, AC-1 min; 10 M Ω or more/500 V, DC			
In	Impulse withstand voltage		± 7 kV. 1.2 \times 50 μ S (between terminals in a lump \sim terminal E & case)			

- *1. DM1A & DM2A in the table are of standard sensitivity. In addition to these, there is the low-
- *2. Between terminals in a group ~ case; However, terminal E should be included in the terminals of a group, or detached. Then, execute the test.

■How to decide the specification

How to decide the specification																
Installation site of detector	Outdoors		Indoor		Inside the cubicle											
Nominal line voltage	Control equipment	Detector	Control equipment	Detector	Control equipment	Detector										
3.3kV	_	_	Н	CT	Н	CT										
6.6kV	Н	DD	H, ST	CT	H, ST	CT										
11kV	11												Н			
22kV	H, ST		H, ST		Н	DD										
33kV	ST	DD	ST	DD												
40~160kV	31		31		ST											
161kV~550kV	Low sensitivity (L)		Low sensitivity (L)		ı	_										

- * As for H, use high sensitivity (H) of the type SM.
- * As for ST, use standard sensitivity of type SM or type DM.

HXR-20(For existing railways) HXR-25(For Shinkansen)

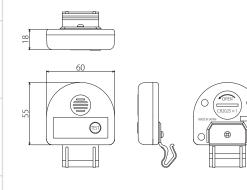
High voltage hot-line proximity alarm

AC HXR-20 20kV HXR-25 25kV

■Features

- · Alarm is generated at a distance of about 2 m from the energized overhead contact lines in existing railways (20 kVAC) and Bullet train
- Directionality can identify overhead contact lines in a charged state
 It is compact, lightweight, and can be fitted to a helmet with a
- one-touch operation

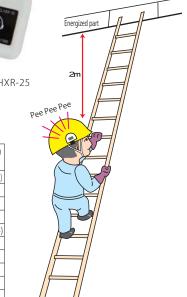
■ Dimensions (common to Model HXR-20 & Model HXR-25)



Detect Charged State of AC Overhead Contact Lines with Non-contact Operation

The product is a collaborative development with East Japan Railway Company (JR East)





Fiscal 2013

Railway Electrical

■Specifications

	•		
C	perating sensitivity	Model HXR-20 For existing railways: 2,500 V/m	
(E	lectric field intensity)	Model HXR-25 For bullet train: 3,000 V/m	
Sta	ndard operation starting distance	About 2 m (It differs depending on the environment.)	
	Alarm operation	Piezoelectric buzzer type 60dB±5dB/10cm Common use for 50/60 Hz	
	Sound volume		
	Frequency		
	Structure	Waterproof structure (equivalent to IPX4)	
Operating temperature range		-10℃~+40℃	
	Battery	CR2025(3V) × 1 pcs	
I	ife of the battery	About two years in unused state	
	Dimensions	60mm×55mm×18mm	
	Weight	About 40g	

Introduction to the General Catalog of Relays

A separate volume with a blue front cover is provided as the general catalog of ground fault protection relays for AC and DC.

■Contents

Ground fault protection relay for AC Zero phase current transformer Transformer for ground mode measuring instrument Ground fault protection relay for DC Ground fault current transformer for DC DC ground fault protection relay



- **■**DC ground fault protection relay for quick chargers of electric vehicles (Conforming to CHAdeMO standard)
- ■Plug-in type DC ground fault protection relay
- **■**DC ground fault current transformer
- **■**DC circuit breaker for wiring with direct current leakage alarm







■Plug-in type AC current leakage relay



 $\blacksquare \omega$ C measurement type digital ground fault protection relay



High/Low voltage detector and its correct use

To prevent accidents during electrical work, extensive research has been carried out to improve facilities/equipment, working methods, and mechanical tools. Among those, the voltage detector for checking final charging status and electric power outages of circuits and apparatus onsite is an indispensable device for preventing electrical accidents.

During electrical work, it is not uncommon for electric shock accidents to occur due to mistaking live lines for lines

buring electrical work, it is not uncommon for electric shock accidents to occur due to mistaking live lines for lines with a power stoppage. It is important for workers to confirm without fail, that electricity lines do not have electricity flowing through them using a voltage detector before touching them. Their use is also required by OSH Regulations (Article 339).

A voltage detector is a device that detects whether electricity is flowing in a circuit or not. Various types of detector have been manufactured and are widely used. But, there was no official standard for the structure and performance of voltage detectors, and they were mainly manufactured according to the in-house specifications of users, such as electric power companies. However, since the electronic circuit voltage detector with a built-in battery was developed in recent years, detectors with complicated structures and unique modes of operating performance have been manufactured by various companies. Accordingly, the National Institute of Industrial Safety in Labor Ministry (at that time) released the Safety Guideline on the structure, performance, test method, and use of these voltage detectors, in order to make their selection and correct use well known.

The following explains the structure, performance, and correct use, mainly of high/low voltage detectors for AC circuits, which are in general use.

1. Structure and operating principle of voltage detector

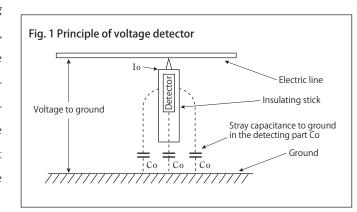
1.1 Voltage detection of AC circuit

In general, voltage detectors have a structure with a detector built into a casing of insulation material. When the contact tip of the voltage detector makes contact with a cableway (electric circuit) as shown in Fig. 1, it detects minute electric currents Io flowing in the Electric line \rightarrow Detector \rightarrow Stray capacitance to ground in the detecting part Co of the detector \rightarrow Ground, and is activated. Then, it identifies the charging or electric power outage status of the circuit, indicating the result by lighting a lamp or sounding an alarm.

There are various types of voltage detector, depending on the working voltage, such as low voltage, high voltage, and special high voltage detectors, and according to the targeted application, such as for overhead lines and substations. There are many types of voltage detector including, for example, low voltage driver type or pencil type voltage detectors, which can easily check whether or not a voltage is applied to a household plug socket and to the cable terminals of electric appliances, as well as voltage

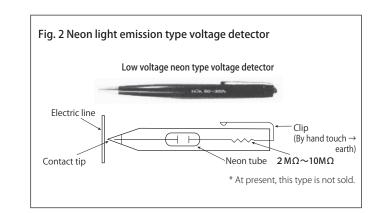
detectors used for construction work, inspecting electric power supply equipment, etc.

Among commonly used voltage detectors, the neon light emission type, which has the merits of a simple structure and not requiring a power supply, has been widely used. However, its weak luminance is a drawback when checking if its lamp is lit, which is a vital point. Accordingly, a better indication of detection than that provided by the discharge light emission from a neon tube has been required by users. Today, a voltage detector that can detect a voltage through an insulated cable and indicate it has been developed, with battery and amplifier circuit built in. This has become a commonly used type.



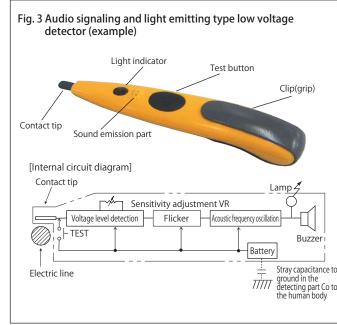
Neon light emission type voltage detector (Fig. 2)

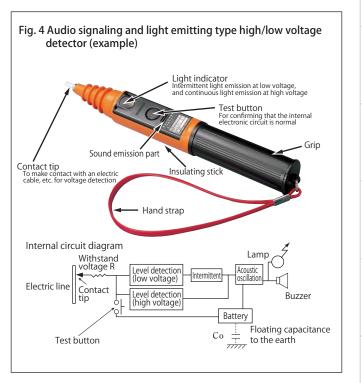
This made use of the feature whereby if a discharge voltage is applied to a neon discharge tube, it glows a brilliant orange color, even in the case of a minute current. It has been widely used for low, high, and special high voltage detectors, because its structure is very simple and it is easy to handle. Its drawback is that the weak light emitted is difficult to verify in well-lit areas, and voltage detection is not possible through the covering of an insulated cable.



This device identifies charging or electric power outage status by incorporating a battery and an electronic amplifier circuit with semiconductors inside the voltage detector. These amplify the minute detection current to light an easy-to-see indication lamp, and convert the current into an audio frequency to generate an easy-to-hear sound using the switching circuit and oscillating circuit.

The great advantage is that by designing an amplifier circuit it is possible to manufacture voltage detectors with various characteristics and to have the common type for high/low voltages, as well as to detect a voltage through an insulating sheath. Furthermore, because electronic circuit type voltage detectors are provided with a button for easily checking the battery and built-in circuit, it is easy to confirm a voltage detector's functions.

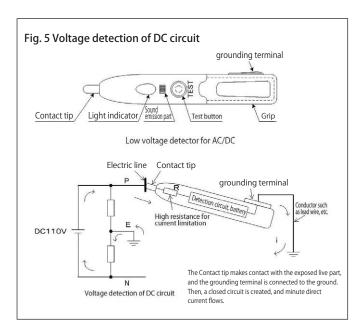




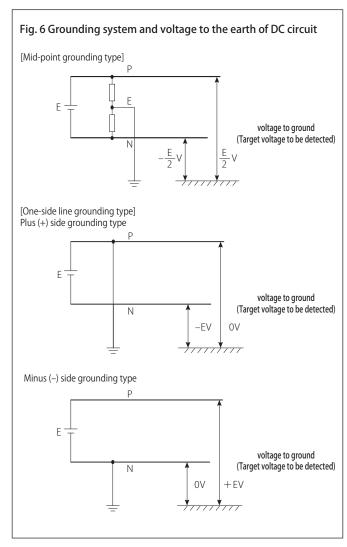
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1.2 Voltage detection of DC circuit

When detecting the voltage of a DC circuit, it is possible to have the contact tip make contact with an exposed live part of a electric line then create a closed circuit by connecting the earth terminal to the ground, and flow a direct current (Fig. 5), because the current does not flow via capacitance, unlike the case of AC. Therefore, voltage detection through a covering (sheath) is not possible in the case of a DC circuit. Furthermore, a voltage detector exclusively for AC use cannot detect a DC voltage. Moreover, voltage detection in a DC circuit with the cableway not grounded is impossible, because there is no return route for the current. The grounding system and voltage to the earth of the low voltage DC circuit are shown in Fig. 6.



As described above, because the voltage to the ground (target voltage to be detected) differs depending on the type of voltage, wiring, and grounding system, and the detection method also differs between AC and DC, a basic task of voltage detection is to identify the kind of Electric line (electric circuit) in which the voltage is to be detected, then select a suitable voltage detector, and execute voltage detection with the correct method.



2. Performance required of voltage detectors

The first main performance priority from the viewpoint of a voltage detector's intended use is voltage detection sensitivity (operation starting voltage). It tends to be considered that as sensitivity increases, performance increases. However, as sensitivity increases, there are concerns that false-positive indications increase due to noise and/or induction. Other important things to consider are withstand voltage in terms of the safety of users, and indication method from the viewpoint of certainty.

2.1 Operation starting voltage (detectable minimum voltage)

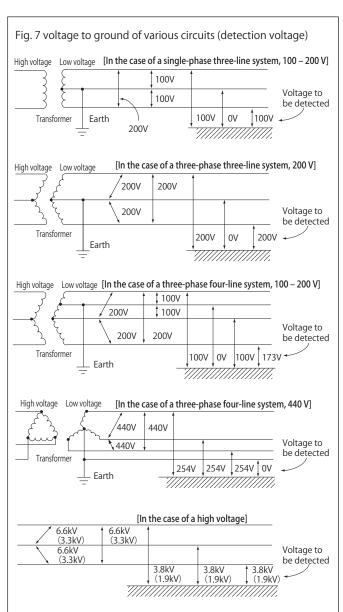
In normal cases, a user of a voltage detector holds the main body or one end of the insulating stick connected to the main body with a hand(s), then makes contact between the detector and one line of the cableway, detecting the voltage flowing in the conductive cableway to the earth (voltage to the earth). Therefore, the operation starting voltage is indicated by the voltage to the earth.

The target voltage to be detected in a low voltage circuit and a high voltage circuit is the voltage to the earth, as shown in **Fig. 7**, which is lower than the line voltage. In addition, voltage detection in a grounded cableway (line) is naturally impossible, because the voltage to earth is zero.

- (1) The low voltage detector generally targets the minimum circuit voltage, which is 100 V (95 to 107 V), and the operation starting voltage is set at $65 \text{ V} \pm 15 \text{ V}$, or not to exceed 80 V. In a voltage detector dedicated to low voltages, there is also a detector in which the voltage to the earth is set at 50 V or lower as the target (limit) under the OSH Regulations, because there is no need to consider the influence of induction from a high voltage.
- (2) Regarding a high voltage detector, there are cases where a working voltage of 300 V or higher is specified as a high voltage, because the voltage to the earth is 254 V, with regard to a 440 V three-phase four-wire system, which is the highest voltage of a low voltage circuit. Furthermore, there is also a case where 600 V or higher can be detected, based on the regulation: "High voltage of

AC denotes the range of higher than 600 V to 7,000 V or lower;" specified in Technical Standards (ministerial ordinance).

In addition, in the case of a voltage detector dedicated to high voltages, there are various types depending on target cableways and applications, such as the case in which the voltage to earth of 1,900 V for a 3,300 V circuit is set at 1,000 V (almost 1/2) considering the margin for voltage detection, in order to prevent miss-operation due to induction from the live wire, as far as possible, and the case in which the working voltage is set at 3,300 V against the voltage to earth of 3,800 V for a 6,600 V circuit, considering the margin, and to enable voltage detection through a sheathed wire. In general, the value that enables detection of the voltage to earth for the targeted circuit's voltage, through a sheathed wire and with a



margin considered appropriate for safety, is used for volt- 2.3 Withstand voltage age detection.

For comparison, **Table 1** shows a partial quoted example of an apparatus and supplies material standard for Japanese electric power companies.

Table 1 Partial example of the apparatus and supplies material for a voltage detector

Operation		ting voltage [V]	D1
	Bare wire (a)	Coated wire (b)	Remark
Company A	250 ± 50	(2,900 or less)	audio signaling and light emitting type
Company B	300 ± 50	(3,300 or less)	"
Company C	1,000 or less	3,300 or less	"
Company D	1000 ± 200	2800 ± 500	"

- (Note) (1) The reason why the ratios in column (a) and column (b) differ significantly between companies A, B and companies C, D is due to structural differences in the voltage detector.
 - apparatus and supplies material standard, they are used as practical standard values.
 - (3) That of company A is a common type for 50/60 Hz, and the others are dedicated to a designated frequency.
 - (4) The table above describes only the high voltage range of a high/low voltage detector
 - (The low voltage range is specified as 65 ± 15 V by every company.)

2.2 Non-operation distance

When a voltage detector approaches a high voltage circuit, it is activated from a certain distance. However, if operation starts too far away, a phenomenon is generated whereby discriminating between live lines and non-energized lines among plural targets becomes impossible. Then, it is considered that, not only can the primary purpose of the voltage detector not be achieved, but it is also dangerous. Accordingly, it is common to specify a minimum distance for a system, beyond which operation is not started when the voltage detector approaches (called the non-operating distance), and in the case of a high voltage, the non-operating distance is usually 3 to 5 cm.

A high voltage detector is classified from the viewpoint of actual use for defective (porcelain) insulators, etc. among apparatus for live-line work, as described in the Public Notice of the Ministry of Labour No. 33, Article 9. Generally, it shall withstand an AC test voltage corresponding to two times the voltage of the target cableway to be used, for one minute. Regarding voltage detectors with a built-in battery, detectors having a withstand voltage performance of not only 14,000 V (6,900 V × 2), but also 20,000 V are manufactured,

2.4 Representation of the result of detection (light and sound)

It is specified that detection by voltage detectors shall be indicated by either light emission or sound generation (Safety guideline for voltage detectors).

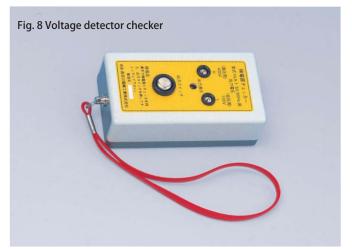
Regarding indication by light emission, it is generally possible for light emissions to be identified if the luminance is 8,000 lux on a practical basis in shadow in sunlight (place without direct sunlight).

Regarding sound indication, it is also necessary to consider locations with high ambient noise of 80 dB, such as in the vicinity of roads in urban areas, when reviewing the usage environment of a voltage detector. However, a sound volume of 50 dB or more is deemed sufficient in practice, using sound generated at around 3,000 Hz, to which the sensitivity of a human's auditory sense is high, because ambient noise is generally in low frequency bands, which corresponds to the low tone range.

3. How to use voltage detectors correctly 3.1 Check carefully before use.

Because a voltage detector is an important device for protecting the lives of workers, it must always be stored and handled carefully. External appearance as well as lighting should also be check before use. Defective products must be replaced immediately.

- (1) Confirm whether the working voltage range of the voltage detector conforms to electric line or not.
- (2) Visually check for the presence or absence of breakages, dirt, flaws, cracks, etc. in the voltage detector.
- (3) Confirm that the detecting function of the voltage detector is normal, using a known power supply, voltage detector checker (Fig. 8), etc.
- (4) For a the voltage detector with a built-in battery, confirm that the internal circuit and battery voltage are normal by checking the mechanism (test button).



■ Point to be noted about contact tip made of conductive rubber

Insulation materials such as oil shall not adhere to the conductive rubber part (detector). In particular, if gasoline, alcohol, etc. adhere, conductive properties can be lost.

Do not wipe it with chemicals, etc. When cleaning, use a soft and clean dry cloth.

3.2 Points to be noted for voltage detection

(1) Before voltage detection, confirm that the voltage de-

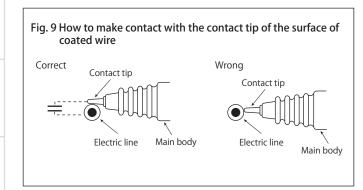
that conforms to the target cableway; (Example: A low voltage detector cannot detect high voltages). Also confirm the status of the cableway, with switches, indication lamps, and circuit diagrams, etc.

- (2) Set the insulating stick to the normal state by extending and/or tightening it, depending on the type of voltage
- (3) During voltage detection, do not touch parts other than the grip of the voltage detector, because this may be dangerous.
- (4) When detecting a high voltage, wear insulated rubber gloves when a hand approaches within a distance of 60 cm from the high-voltage part. If an ordinary voltage detector with a length of 25 cm is used, be sure to wear insulated rubber gloves. In the case of an inspection tour, and if protective equipment and/or protective guard are not carried, it is convenient to use a long voltage detector with an insulating stick.
- (5) When there is a risk of a surge voltage being generated, such as when a lightning strike occurs or when opening/closing a circuit breaker, switch, etc., stop using the voltage detector.
- (6) Voltage detection in the rain should be avoided, in principle. When it is performed from sheer necessity, pay attention to the wet condition of the voltage detector, and whether operation in the rain is reliable or not. It is also necessary to investigate and confirm whether there is a risk of electric shock or not.
- (7) Perform voltage detection for each phase, sequentially.
- (8) Perform voltage detection by moving the voltage detector closer from the earth side to the electric line.

3.3 How to make contact with a voltage detector

Hold the grip of a the voltage detector firmly, and have it make contact with the part targeted for voltage detection. When detecting voltage through a covered (sheathed) wire, ensure sufficient contact between the detector and the wire as shown in Fig. 9. Otherwise, capacitance between the core wire and detection metal fitting changes, and operating sensitivity decreases.

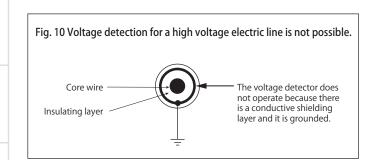
tector corresponds to a suitable working voltage range



3.4 Voltage detection for a high voltage electric line is not possible.

Voltage detection for the high voltage power cable is not possible because the conductor is shielded and grounded with conductive tape. (Fig. 10)

Perform voltage detection at the terminal that is specially provided at the cable end for detection, using a dedicated voltage detector. Furthermore, there are also cases of using a current detector for detecting a current that flows in a cable.

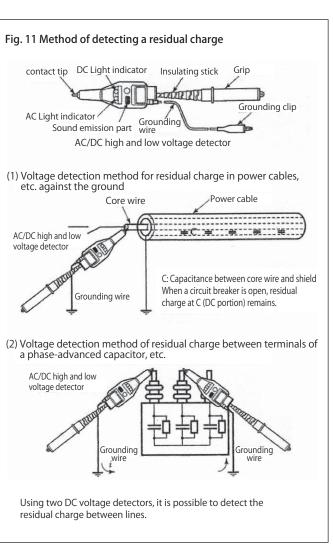


3.5 Electric discharge of residual charge

When there are electric power cables, power capacitor, etc. on the cableway, it can be hazardous even with an AC cableway, because a residual DC charge remains after an electric power outage. In the OSH Regulations No. 339 Article 2, it is specified that "Regarding a cableway where its open-circuit has power cables, power capacitor, etc. and there is a risk of danger due to residual charge, the corresponding residual charge must be securely discharged with a safe method," and it is necessary to completely discharge the residual charge with a discharge bar or similar means. At this time, there are cases of a charge remaining between the cableway and the earth, and cases of it remaining between lines. So, discharge all residual charges with care. In addition, it is nec-

essary to take sufficient time when discharging, because there are also cases in which it takes a long time for discharging, depending on the resistance value of a discharge resistor and capacity of a condenser.

Moreover, when the residual charge is checked, use a voltage detector for dual AC/DC use, and perform voltage detection for the electric potential at both ends where the electric charge remains (Fig. 11).



3.6 Precautions for carrying and storage

- (1) Handle voltage detectors carefully, and pay attention not to apply a shock or strong force, caused by dropping, placing a heavy object on top, etc.
- (2) Pay attention not to leave it on a road or at a place that is subject to high temperatures, such as inside a car
- (3) In winter, when a voltage detector is suddenly brought out from a hot room to the cold outdoors or the reverse, dew condensation can be generated at the volt-

age detector, and its operating functions may be affected. So. attention is required.

(4) For storage, select a dry, clean dust-free location inside a room, which is not exposed to direct sunlight.

3.7 Perform periodic inspections without fail

Voltage detectors are not included among the targets of periodic inspections specified by law (by OSH Regulations). However, unlike work tools such as pliers and screwdrivers, a voltage detector is an important piece of safety equipment for preventing accidents to workers due to electric shock when doing work related to electricity. Therefore, it is considered desirable to periodically check withstand voltage performance. (Safety guideline for voltage detectors)

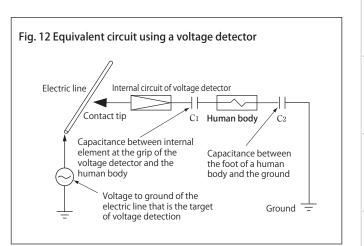
- (1) The withstand voltage test for a high voltage detector is to be performed at a test voltage of 10 kV or higher for one minute, at least once a year.
- (2) The built-in batteries of voltage detectors are to be checked at periodic inspections and replaced, because there is a natural discharge of individual battery units, even if not used.

4. Influence of unique usage conditions

The site environments where voltage detectors are used are not always the same, and detection performance sometimes changes depending on usage conditions. The conditions with notable influences are as follows.

4.1 When the correct position of the grip is not identified:

If the grip of a commonly used short voltage detector is not held firmly, and when it is used in a state in which it is only held by finger tips, the operation starting voltage increases because the value of capacitance C1, as shown in the equivalent circuit of Fig. 12, decreases.



4.2 When voltage detection is performed near a high voltage electric line:

When the detector of a high/low voltage detector (with built-in battery) makes contact with an earth wire or grounded metal while approaching a high voltage live part on a pillar or inside an electric utility room, the voltage detector sometimes displays "Voltage is applied," in the range of low voltage use.

This phenomenon is explained, as shown in Fig. 13, as the human body and/or grip of the voltage detector that approaches the high voltage line having a voltage that flows to the earth due to induction from the live line, and an induction current flows in the reverse direction from the grip of the voltage detector to the detector, causing it to operate. In such a case, abnormal operation can be prevented by keeping it as far as possible from the high voltage line, or carrying the voltage detector from the earth side, because induction is decreased.

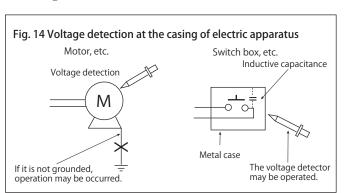
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Fig, 13 How to make contact between detector and surface of a sheathed wire high voltage electric line Inductive capacitance The grip and/or human body receive induction from a high voltage, then the current flows in the reverse direction toward Grounded metal fitting the detection metal fitting, and the voltage detector is sometimes operated. By contacting the voltage detector from the earth side, operation does not occur. Earth high voltage electric line (live line) Induced voltage from high voltage line Capacitance Contact with Internal circuit of voltage detector Human body using the voltage detector Contact tip Capacitánce Capacitance veen internal element at the grip of \ en foot of human body, the voltage detector and human body etc. and the ground ≟ Ground Equivalent circuit when approaching a high voltage electric line

4.3 In the case of apparatus that is not grounded:

To reduce the inflowing current to the human body to a very small value, the impedance between the detector and the human body is increased to a very large value. Accordingly, when the casing of the apparatus is not grounded as shown in Fig. 14, the voltage detector sometimes gives an indication when the inductive capacitance of the apparatus is large, even if the insulation of the target apparatus is normal.

In such a case, it is necessary to confirm whether the grounding of the apparatus is perfect or not. Furthermore, in the case of apparatus that is not grounded, measure the voltage to verify if it is in a safe range or not using a meter with a relatively low impedance, such as an analog tester.



A comprehensive explanation of high/low voltage detectors has been provided above. Again, because voltage detectors are important items for ensuring safety during electrical work, correct use with sufficient recognition of the system/mechanism is naturally required. We hope this document helps ensure correct use of voltage detectors. For details of quoted regulations, etc., refer to the following.

- OSH Regulations No.339 (Work following an electric power outage)
- OSH Regulations No.342 (Work in proximity to a high voltage)
- OSH Regulations No.348 (Electrical insulating protectors, etc.)
- OSH Regulations No.352 (Inspection before use, etc.)
- OSH Regulations No.354 (Exclusion from application)
- Public Notice of the Ministry of Labour No.33 (revised version), 1975 (Standard of protectors for insulation, etc.)
- Technical guideline of National Institute of Industrial Safety in Labor Ministry

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(Safety guideline for portable voltage detector for high voltage wiring cableway)

■Warranty period

• Product warranty period is one year after purchase. If any failure, trouble, etc. is caused during normal use in the course of the warranty period, we will repair or replace it free of charge.

■Scope of warrantee

- If disassembly, modification, etc. is performed by customers, the product becomes outside the scope of warranty.
- Consumable parts such as batteries attached to products, etc. are outside the scope of warranty. Furthermore, because attached batteries are provided for the purpose of confirming operation, early replacement is recommended.

■Repair

- If the product malfunctions, please inquire at a sales office of our company or a sales agent. Requests for repair will be received through sales agents.
- When an estimate before repair is needed, please request it when asking for the repair. When declining repair after submission of the "estimate before repair," the cost of diagnosis will be requested.
- Warranty period after repair is six months. Scope of warranty is limited to the corresponding portion(s) repaired, and even within that warranty period, any new problem arising is outside the scope of warranty.

[Period for repair]

Materials and components for repair are kept for a minimum of five years after stopping manufacture of a product. However, please note that there are cases in which repair can become impossible before that period has expired.

■ Recommended period for replacement

(voltage detector, phase tester, auxiliary device for voltage detection, etc.)

Products can be used for a long period if they are handled with sufficient care. However, it is inevitable that functional deterioration occurs to the strength of components, insulation performance, etc. due to aging, micro-cracks caused by shocks when handling resin parts, etc. For safety, please use the product until the recommended time for replacement under product control. The table to the right summarizes recommended replacement periods.

For a detailed table, please inquire at our company's homepage (URL is given on the back cover of the catalog) or a sales office.

Product classification	Recommended period for replacement	
Low voltage detector	3 to 5 years	
High voltage detector	5 to 7 years	
High voltage & special high voltage detector		
High voltage & special high voltage detector (Non-extendable type)	5 to 10 years	

■ Periodic inspection, calibration test

- For high voltage and special high voltage detectors, we recommend periodic inspection at least once a year. For requests, please inquire at a sales office of our company, or a sales agent.
- After the calibration test, we will issue a test report, calibration certificate, and traceability certificate.
- If calibration documents are required when purchasing a new product, please request them when placing an order.

■Consigned testing

Taking advantage of being a leading maker of domestic test equipment and many years of experience, we will execute withstand voltage tests for products even made by other companies.



Voltage detector test equipment



Simulated power pole for electricity distribution line

■ISO management system Acquiring certification of ISO9001, ISO14001

Hasegawa Electric Co., Ltd. has acquired certification of "ISO9001," which is the international standard of the Quality management system, and certification of "ISO14001," which is the international standard of the Environment management system.

ISO9001 Registration No.: 0921 ISO14001 Registration No.: E635





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OTOWA ELECTRIC CO.,LTD.

(Sales of various lightning arrestor products and sales of other electric equipment and devices)

http://www.otowadenki.co.jp E-mail sales@otowadenki.co.jp

Introduction to group companies

Otowa Korea Co., Ltd.

http://www.otowa.co.kr dsyoo@otowa-kr.com E-mail



NIP Engineering Co., Ltd.

(Design and sales of lightning arrestors, grounding systems, and operational services for photovoltaic power generation, etc.)

http://www.kami-nari.com nip@kami-nari.com



Geological Assessment Tech Co., Ltd.

(Geological survey and water quality survey, grounding design, grounding resistance reduction work, and consulting)

Homepage http://www.geotech.co.jp

Meneon Co., Ltd. (Execution of work and maintenance of lightning protection system)

CERAON Ceraon Co., Ltd. (Production and sales of ceramic device products)