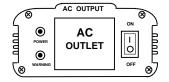


# TE-1206B / TE-1406B DC To AC Power Inverter

600W 50Hz Modify Sine Wave

TE-1206B: DC12V to AC220V~240V TE-1406B: DC24V to AC220V~240V



#### Instruction Manual

Please read user manual before use.

#### **USEFUL APPLICATIONS**

Run notebook computers, radios, TVs, VCRs, Lamps, Fans, Fax, Drill....etc.

#### SPECIFICATION

Input voltage range : DC 10~15V (12V) // DC 20~30V (24V)

Input full load current : 60A (12V) // 30A (24V) Standby input current : <0.6A (12V) // <0.4A (24V)

Output voltage (AC): 220V~240V Output waveform: modify sinewave

Output frequency : 50Hz

Continue output power : 600W Peak output power : 1500W

Efficiency: 85~90%

Battery low pre-alarm :  $10.5 \pm 0.5 \text{V}$  (12V) // 21 ± 1V (24V) Battery low shutdown :  $9.5 \pm 0.5 \text{V}$  (12V) // 20 ± 1V (24V)

Auto-operation fan (Temperature or load)
Thermal protection : 60 ± 5°C (microcontroller)
Overload protect : YES (microcontroller)

Output short protection: YES (microcontroller)

Battery ex. 12V / 24V protection : YES (microcontroller )

Battery polarity protection: YES (by fuse) Fuse: 25A\*3PCS (12V) // 15A\*3PCS (24V) Dimension ( L\*W\*H) mm: 190\*113\*62

Weight: 1500g

#### TROUBLESHOOTING

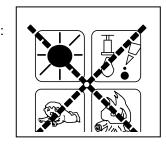
If the inverter does not appear to be functioning properly, there are several reasons why the inverter may not be responding.

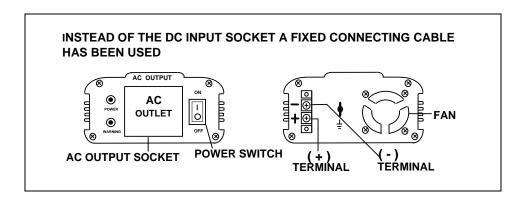
- 1) Poor contact
  - \*Cleaning contact parts thoroughly.
- 2) Receptacle has no power
  - \*check fuse, replace damaged fuse.
  - \*check receptacle wiring. repair if necessary
- 3) Fuse is blown
  - \*The fuse is located inside the DC plug. Please replace fuse with a new equivalent value fuse.
- 4) Overload caused AC output reduce
  - \*Reduce the wattage of loading to lower than 600 watts.
- 5) Thermal caused AC output reduce
  - \*Under heavy loads for extended periods of time. The AC inverter will reduce output to prevent damage to excess heat. If this happened, please proceed as below:
  - (A) Switch off the power of this inverter.
  - (B) Decreases the load of this machine i. e. disconnect some of the appliances or wait until this inverter become cool.
  - (C) Switch on the power of this inverter.
- 6) Low-battery shutdown
  - \*Recharge your battery and resume operation.

### **CAUTION**

Always place the inverter in an environment which is:

- (A) well ventilated
- (B) not exposed to direct sunlight or heat source
- (C) out of reach from children
- (D) away from water/moisture, oil or grease
- (E) away from any flammable substance



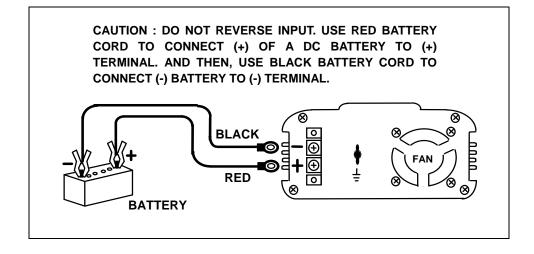


WHEN CONNECTED TO ANY APPLIANCE, BE SURE TO TURN ON INVERTER FIRST. AND THEN TURN ON THE POWER SWITCH OF THE APPLIANCE.

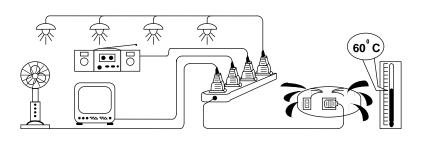
TURN ON FIRSTLY

TELEVISION
SECONDLY

SECONDLY



IF THE TOTAL WATTS OF ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES EXCEEDS THE OUTPUT CAPACITY OF INVERTER. OR AFTER OPERATING FOR A PERIOD OF TIME. IF THE TEMPERATURE OF THE INVERTER REACHES 60 DEG C, THE INVERTER SHALL BE REDUCED AC OUTPUT BY THE PROTECTION CIRCUIT.



## **WARNING SIGNAL**

| Condition   | Warning signal cycle | Shutdown signal cycle |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Low battery alarm:                                  | BI BI BI (pause)     | BEE BEE BEE (pause)   |
| Over heating alarm:                                 | BI BI (pause)        | BEE BEE (pause)       |
| Over load alarm:                                    | BI BI BI BI BI       | Continuous tone       |
| Note: BI is a short beep, and BEE is a longer beep. |                      |                       |

